

If You Don't
Take The Standard you
don't get the news—you
would if you did.

The Chelsea Standard.

If You Don't
Advertise In The Standard
you don't get the trade—
you would if you did.

VOL. XI. NO. 8.

CHelsea, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, APRIL 6, 1899.

WHOLE NUMBER 528

LET US HELP YOU

Select your spring suit from our elegant new stock we have just received. You will have the best looking, best wearing suits you ever wore. In workmanship and tailoring our Clothing is ahead of any others we have ever shown. We have all the new patterns. It is only a question of picking out the style most becoming to you.



Are you going to get that boy of yours a light weight suit for spring? We are the exclusive handlers of "Mrs. Jane Hopkins" Clothing for boys in Chelsea and wish to introduce them to you.

These suits run from 6 to 15 years and range in price from \$1.75 to \$5.00.

Now is the time to buy while the assortment is large and the line of sizes is complete.

Men's New Clothing.

We have taken special care in selecting our stock of men's spring suits. We call especial attention to our Clay worsted suits in both sack and cutaways. These are made by the best tailoring concerns in the country. We might be able to buy these suits 50c and \$1.00 a suit less than we paid but then they wouldn't be as well made nor would they fit so well. Ask to see them.



H. S. Holmes Mercantile Co.

Butterick's patterns for April now on sale.

CLOTHING! CLOTHING!

To still reduce our large stock of winter weights and to give vent to our pleasure of employing home talent and deserving workers, we call your attention to the fact that we will still continue to sell

Suits, Overcoats and Odd Trousers at Greatly Reduced prices for the next Thirty days.

To make room for our large spring purchases that promises to be the finest spring stock ever shown in Chelsea, which I trust will be appreciated, as well as the finest Merchant Tailoring establishment in Washtenaw county. Soliciting a call we remain yours

RAFTREY,

The Worker of Gentlemen's Clothes.

TALK AND WIND

are cheap, but when in need of Tea, Coffee, Canned Goods, Confectionery, Hay, Straw, Corn, Oats, try us and be convinced that we are not undersold.

J. S. CUMMINGS.

A BUTCHER THAT KNOWS HIS BUSINESS

never takes advantage of the inexperience of his customers by giving them poor cuts or light weights. We treat our patrons honorably and in the same courteous manner, and cut them the best of the kind that they ask for—and when we do that you couldn't find better for love or money. Fresh, smoked, salt meats and sausage, poultry, oysters.

Lard by the Crock 7c at

ADAM EPPLER'S Meat Market.

NOW REPUBLICAN

Washtenaw Politics have Taken a Flop and Democrats are Disconsolate.

LIGHTHALL DEFEATED BY BACON

Sylvan Republicans Elect Every Man on Their Ticket Except Two.

Reports from all the precincts in the county show that W. N. Lister, for school commissioner, received 4,770 votes, and Dorsey R. Hoppe 4,154, making a majority for Lister of 616.

The judge of the circuit court, Kline received in Washtenaw county 5,195 votes, and Cavanaugh 4,000, making a majority in the county for Kline of 1,195, and Monroe county gave him a majority of 9, which makes a total of 1,174.

The republican state ticket was elected by about 30,000 majority.

Monday was a pleasant day, and a large vote was polled. Six hundred and ninety-three voters passed through the booths, a gain of just one over last spring. The crowds about town were orderly and quiet, but lots of work was done by the various candidates and their friends. The republicans succeeded in electing every man on their ticket except clerk and one constable. Hiram Lighthall, who has made a good supervisor, and has led the democrats to victory for the past five years, went down in the battle of ballots, making a gallant fight, being defeated by William Bacon, who had gone up against Mr. Lighthall once before for the same office, by a majority of sixteen.

The counting of the votes showed that about ninety-four more republican tickets had been cast than were cast for the democrats. But they were badly split, and the voter and his little knife got their work in in good shape. The majorities ranged from two for justice to 213 for treasurer. The following are the number of votes received by each candidate:

Supervisor—

William Bacon, r. 350—16

Hiram Lighthall, d. 334

Township Clerk—

Frank L. Miller, r. 268

William R. Lehman, d. 411—143

Township Treasurer—

George A. BeGole, r. 446—213

Joseph E. Webber, d. 233

Highway Commissioner—

Christian Kalmbach, r. 339—4

George A. Young, d. 335

Justice of the Peace—

Edward A. Ward, r. 340—2

Joseph Sibley, d. 338

School Inspector (full term)—

Paul A. Gerard, r. 344—16

Eric Zincke, d. 328

School Inspector (vacancy)—

Schuyler P. Foster, r. 391—106

James Hathaway, d. 285

Member Board of Review—

Augustus Steger, r. 366—57

James Runciman, d. 309

Constable—

Jay M. Woods, r. 313

Edward Chandler, d. 335

Jacob Staffan, r. 329

John Lebeck, d. 293

William Lewick, r. 346

Michael J. Howe, d. 297

George H. Foster, r. 340

Henry Frey, d. 287

Justice of the Supreme Court—

Claudius B. Grant, r. 344—41

Thomas E. Barkworth, d. 303

Frank Baldwin Clark, pro. 11

John M. Harris, people's. 2

Regent of the University—

Eli R. Sutton, r. 358—72

Edward F. LeGendre, d. 286

Fred. S. Goodrich, pro. 11

Wm. A. Higdon, people's. 2

Henry S. Dean, r. 360—76

Stanley E. Parkhill, d. 284

Harvey B. Hatch, pro. 11

Edwin D. Cox, people's. 2

Judge of 22d Judicial Circuit—

Edward D. Kline, r. 391—128

Martin J. Cavanaugh, d. 263

Commissioner of Schools—

William N. Lister, r. 280

Dorsey R. Hoppe, d. 374—94

Amendment to the Constitution relative to the laying out, construction, improvement and maintenance of highways, bridges and culverts by counties and townships.

Yes—97. No—97.

Amendment to the Constitution relative to Circuit Courts.

Yes—87. No—186.

Amendment to the Constitution relative to the Judicial Department.

Yes—80. No—186.

Amendment to Constitution relating to State Printing Office.

Yes—70. No—205.

The following men were elected overseers of the highway at the town meeting Monday: No. 1, Geo. English; No. 2, Rus. West; No. 3, Fred. Sager; No. 4, M. Kappler; No. 5, Frank Forner; No. 6, Wm. Bahmiller; No. 7, J. A. Dancer; No. 8, Springfield Leach; No. 9, Warren Guerin; No. 10, Mike Looney; No. 11, L. Glover; No. 12, Fred Kalmbach; No. 13, Theo. Riemenschneider; No. 14, Chris. Kaiser; No. 15, August Hoppe; No. 16, James Runciman; No. 17, Conrad Hesel-schwerdt; No. 18, E. S. Cooper; No. 19, M. Hesel-schwerdt; No. 20, John Doyle, sr.; No. 21, Wm. Taylor; No. 22, William Long; No. 23, Peter Merkle; No. 24, Leonard Hatt; No. 25, Fred. Heydlauff; No. 26, R. S. Armstrong; No. 27, Neb Cook; No. 28, M. Icheldinger; No. 29, H. D. Reed; No. 30, Adam Goetz; No. 31, Oliver Cushman; No. 32, Jacob Hesel-schwerdt; No. 33, M. Schenk; No. 34, Dan. Conway; No. 35, Ed. Spaulding; No. 36, Manfred Hoppe; No. 37, John Burns; No. 38, Chris. Kalmbach; No. 39, John Welch; No. 40, Adam Kalmbach; No. 41, Philip Riemenschneider; No. 42, Harold Gage.

The following is the result in Lima:

Supervisor—

Henry Wilson, r. 92

David E. Beach, d. 141—49

Township Clerk—

Otto D. Luick, r. 155—79

Harry M. Hayes, d. 76

Township Treasurer—

John Finkbeiner, r. 129—27

Frank A. Leach, d. 102

Highway Commissioner—

Russell Wheelock, r. 116—4

Fred C. Haist, d. 112

Justice of the Peace—

George C. Page, r. 132—25

John A. Schmid, d. 97

School Inspector—

Samuel H. Smith, r. 132—38

Ernest Schmidt, d. 94

Member Board of Review—

Russell Parker, r. 135—41

John G. Zahn, d. 94

Constable—

John Finkbeiner, r. 105

Frank A. Leach, d. 119

Albert Reider, r. 103

Fred Barels, d. 125

Ralph Pierce, r. 125

Fred Webber, d. 104

George Savory, r. 128

Justice of the Supreme Court—

Claudius B. Grant, r. 119—15

Thomas E. Barkworth, d. 104

George A. Eastman, s. 2

Regent of the University—

Eli R. Sutton, r. 123—24

Edward F. LeGendre, d. 99

Richard Henke, s. 2

Henry S. Dean, r. 127—32

Stanley E. Parkhill, d. 95

Herman Richter, s. 2

Judge of 22d Judicial Circuit—

Edward D. Kline, r. 130—33

Martin J. Cavanaugh, d. 97

Commissioner of Schools—

William N. Lister, r. 114—2

Dorsey R. Hoppe, d. 112

The following is the result in Lyndon, where the republicans elected the first four men on the ticket:

Supervisor—

Thomas Young, r. 72

William Collins, d. 92—20

Township Clerk—

Bert Conlan, r. 72

Charles E. Clark, d. 91—19

Township Treasurer—

Ignatius Howe, r. 70

Howard Canfield, d. 89—19

Highway Commissioner—

Matthew Hankard, r. 79—2

Edward Gorman, d. 81—2

Justice of the Peace—

Henry V. Heatley, r. 84—9

George Rowe, d. 75

School Inspector—

George May, r. 96—31

Harrison Hadley, d. 65

Member Board of Review—

George Runciman, r. 85—10

Dick Clark, d. 75

The four democratic constables were elected, but we are unable to give the vote on them. Their names are as follows: Ed. Fallen, Geo. Scripture, Geo. Beeman, John Breitenbach.

Justice Supreme Court—

C. B. Grant, r. 63

Thos. Barkworth, d. 78—15

Regents—

Eli Sutton, r. 63

H. S. Dean, r. 63

S. E. Parkhill, d. 78—15

C. L. LeGendre, d. 78—15

Circuit Judge—

E. S. Kline, r. 63

M. J. Cavanaugh, d. 78—15

School Commissioner—

W. N. Lister, r. 63

D. R. Hoppe, d. 78—15

IS REPUBLICAN.

The Board of Supervisors is Once More Republican.

The board of supervisors has now passed into the control of the republicans, the first time in twenty years. The board

will stand 16 republicans and 18 democrats, as follows:

ANN ARBOR CITY.

First ward—Childs, r.

Second ward—Schneider, d.

Third ward—Fisher, r.

Fourth ward—Krapf, r.

Fifth ward—Shadford, r.

Sixth ward—Biggs, r.

Seventh ward—Allmendinger, r.

YPSILANTI CITY.

First district—Damon, r.

Second district—McCullough, d.

TOWNSHIPS.

Ann Arbor—Braun, d.

Augusta—Bibbins, r.

Bridgewater—Walter, d.

Dexter—Clark, d.

Freedom—Dresselhaus, d.

Lima—Beach, d.

Lodi—Seyler, d.

Lyndon—Collins, r.

Manchester—Burtless, r.

Northfield—Prochnow, d.

Pittsfield—Caee, r.

Salem—Kingsley, r.

Saline—Fowler, r.

Scio—Whittaker, d.

Sharon—Hall, d.

Superior—Vorheis, d.

Sylvan—Bacon, r.

Webster—Kenny, r.

York—McIntyre, d.

Ypsilanti—r.

TWENTY YEARS AFTER.

Heirs Have Just Found Value in Marl-Land.

Evening Times: People who happen to own marsh land in southern Michigan now are having the most delightful dreams of the future as to how the land is going to realize them more than any wheat land land the section.

It is all on account of the value of the marl which is such a necessary ingredient of the manufacture of cement.

An incident showing how vivid their dreams are was illustrated in the probate court Friday. Mrs. Alice McGuire died in Dexter on Feb. 13, 1879, over 20 years ago. She owned marsh land which her heirs have never considered worth going to the trouble of getting an administrator's deed for the same.

However, when the marl land excitement came out steps were taken in this direction, and Friday, Michael McGuire was appointed administrator of the estate in order to get a perfect title to the land and the consequent power of disposing of the same.

Another Manila Letter.

U. S. S. BUFFALO, MANILA, PHILIPPINE ISLANDS, February 5, 1899.

DEAR MOTHER:—

I arrived at Manila, Feb. 1st. Well, I am well, and hope this letter will find you all the same. We had a great battle at Manila today; it started last night and have been fighting all day. We are all ready to land at any time. There was a terrible slaughter by U. S. S. Charleston, this morning, and the U. S. S. Monadnock shells have set fire to Santa Anna district. It seems that every battle is on Sunday. Oh! it is great sport to see the big shells blow them out of sight. We are guarding the navy yard—the Buffalo and Boston; and the flag-ship is guarding the city. If it wasn't for the ships the poor soldiers wouldn't stand much of a show with the natives. They are not afraid of the soldiers, but are of the battle-ships. There are about 10,000 rebels armed with rifles. They ordered Dewey to leave the harbor awhile ago, but I think they will leave or give up their arms. We have killed a whole army of them today; still there is more to follow. Well, we can't get any liberty here now, and there hasn't been any for nine months. I think we will be here till the 15th of March, and then go to Hong Kong. I haven't heard from home since I left New York, and am very anxious to hear from you all. I won't write much this time for I am too anxious to see the bombardment. They are now firing 10-inch shells into the town as fast as they can, and thought I would write while it was going on. All of us sailors have our belts full of cartridges, and have our canteens full of water and our blankets all rolled up, and our knapsacks full of eating, ready to land if they need us.

MANILA, 11:22 a. m., Feb. 5.

I will let you know a little about the fight that took place this morning, and are still fighting. Captain of Port cannot get Indiana's crew for six days. The U. S. S. Concord is still firing at Malabon. The Charleston has been pumping 10-inch shells into three camps all day; also the U. S. S. Monadnock. Aguinaldo, who is the ring leader of the rebel army, has asked for cessation; but we won't grant it. A great general assault has taken place all day. The rebels have only killed fifty of our men up to 11:22 a. m. to-day. We are burning up the whole city.

Well, I must close. J. REMNANT.

To rent after April 1st—House and barn on Railroad street. Inquire of Jas. Richards.

Now is the the time to cleanse your system, rid yourselves of that tired feeling. You can do that in this way, viz: Go to

FENN & VOGEL'S NEW DRUG STORE

and procure a bottle of their

Spring's Sarsaparilla

give it a fair trial, and if you are not satisfied with its merits, return it and get your money back. Call and let us explain to you what it is made of.

Hill's Cascara-Bromide-Quinine, cures a cold in 24 hours.

Hill's Celery Tea, is sold on a guarantee. Try it.

That tickling in your throat can be cured. Call on us.

Examine our line of Perfumes. Boro Naphthol Soap. The best anti-septic soap on the market.

ICE.

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I have recently invented a very superior ICE MACHINE and applied for patents on same.

A large eastern concern are now building the first machine for me. This first, model machine, will be finished and in operation in Chelsea about May 15th.

I wish to thoroughly demonstrate the economy and superiority of this machine the coming season; in order to be in a position to manufacture and place them on the market next year. To do this it will be necessary to operate one in an experimental way the coming season. To dispose of the large amount of ICE that will be frozen, I make the following prices:

Private Residences \$2.50 for the entire season.

Hotels, Restaurants and Bakeries \$5.00 for the entire season

This PURE CRYSTAL ICE will be delivered every day, and will be carefully washed and placed in your refrigerator.

If at the end of the season you do not say that it is the best ICE you have ever used, you need not pay one cent for your seasons supply.

Very Respectfully,

FRANK P. GLAZIER.

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THE CHELSEA STANDARD.

O. T. HOOVER, Publisher.
CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

EVENTS OF THE WEEK

The trial of Dr. Samuel J. Kennedy, the Staten Island dentist, for the murder of "Dolly" Reynolds at the Grand Hotel in New York on the night of Aug. 15, resulted in a verdict of murder in the first degree.

Bernard Rothschild of Rochester, N. Y., and Solomon Hays, members of the Model Clothing Company, formerly of Indianapolis, have filed a petition in bankruptcy at Buffalo, with liabilities of \$100,000 and no assets.

James Reed, aged 22 years, colored, was hanged at Kansas City. Reed shot Miss Susie Blackley to death in her home in a fit of jealousy. He died on the same scaffold on which his father, Martin Reed, died in 1894.

At Bowling Green, Ohio, Mrs. E. H. Westenhaver, whose husband was killed by John and Paul Zeltner, has filed suit against them for \$10,000 damages on account of the death of her husband. She has attached the farm of the brothers.

All shipyards on the Delaware are so busy with work at present that the owners report they are not prepared to take new orders unless work is not to begin for some months. The new work now under construction for the navy is of many types.

The Missouri House of Representatives has passed a bill which will abolish department stores. It divides goods into seven classes and places a license tax of \$500 on each class. Any store, to carry all classes, must pay a tax of \$30,000.

Extension of woman suffrage and laws to promote the welfare of the women in Cuba and the Philippines will be discussed at the thirty-first annual convention of the National American Woman Suffrage Association at Grand Rapids April 27 to May 4.

The steamer Brighton came into Halifax, N. S., and got the Lloyds to send assistance to the steamer Kairos. The latter had been three weeks disabled when the Brighton left her, unable on account of the breaking of hawsers to give further aid.

Articles of incorporation were filed in New Jersey by the woolen trust, capitalized at \$65,000,000; the Sutherland Construction Company, with a capital stock of \$1,000,000, and the United Zinc and Lead Company, with a capital of \$8,000,000.

The south-bound Burlington passenger train from Omaha was derailed three and a half miles north of Parkville, Mo. Seven persons were hurt. Several others received slight bruises. The whole train except the dining car rolled down a twenty-foot embankment.

E. Bates Soper was hanged at Harrisonville, Mo. He fell a distance of seven feet, breaking his neck, dying without a struggle. The execution was private, witnessed by only forty persons. Soper had, at different times, killed his father, wife and three children.

Judge Shires of the Federal Court at Dubuque has decided that under the bankruptcy act innocent third parties can hold their securities. The court holds that mortgages cannot be compelled to yield possession of property in their hands which has passed into their possession before proceedings in bankruptcy were begun.

The name board of the new French bark Marchal Lannes, of 1,711 tons, Captain Le Petit, which sailed from Swansea for San Francisco, together with large quantities of wreckage, including hatch and a skylight, has been washed ashore in Bristol Channel, on the Welsh coast.

Florence Rule, a pupil at the Loretto academy at Springfield, Mo., while taking part in a celebration at the Church of the Immaculate Conception, was badly burned. The pupils marched inside the church carrying candles, one of which came in contact with the little girl's hair and clothing, setting them on fire.

At Dennison, Ohio, six masked burglars entered the house of Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Crocker, an aged and well-to-do couple, and bound and gagged them. Mr. Crocker was tortured by having lighted matches put to his feet to compel him to reveal the hiding place of his money, but refused. Mrs. Crocker was subjected to barbarous indignities. The robbers secured only \$87.

NEWS NUGGETS.

Brooklyn servant girls have formed a union.

Brig. Gen. D. W. Flager, chief of ordnance, died at Old Point Comfort, Va.

The Akron, Ohio, Street Railway and Illuminating Company property, appraised at \$935,000, was sold to a reorganization committee for \$1,050,000.

The official gazette at Madrid publishes a decree establishing a credit of 13,656,500 pesetas for the payment of the interest of the Cuban debt April 1.

Maj. Gen. MacArthur has entered Malolos, the seat of the so-called insurgent government, the natives burning the city and simultaneously evacuating it.

S. B. Armour, read of the Kansas City packing house of Armour & Co., and brother of Philip D. Armour of Chicago, died at his home in that city, of pneumonia.

The Penwick distillery, at Chesebick, Pa., owned by Elias Black of Cincinnati, was partly wrecked by a boiler explosion. Hugh Nulton, the engineer, and James Henderson were fatally scalded.

The breach of a 10-inch gun on the proving grounds at Sandy Hook burst while it was undergoing a test. Henry V. Murphy, who has been recording clerk at the testing of guns for years, was killed.

News has been received at Liverpool that Lieut. Bell, a British officer with the Belgian troops, was killed and eaten by natives in the Congo Free State.

The decision of the court of inquiry at Halifax which investigated the wreck of the Allan Line steamer Castilian, censures Captain Barrett and First Officer McAffon.

The safe of the Windsor Hotel, New York, was found and opened. It contained the receipts for St. Patrick's day, \$3,000; \$20,000 belonging to guests, and many packages of jewelry and other valuables, all practically uninjured.

EASTERN.

Dr. James O. Murray, dean of Princeton University, is dead.

Mrs. Anne Hayes Alexander died at West Charlton, N. Y., aged 101 years.

It is reported in Newark, N. J., that manufacturers of fertilizers are about to effect a combination.

Mrs. Rachel Esterbrook, widow of the celebrated penmaker, is dead at her home in Plainfield, N. J., aged 87 years.

Harrison Valley, Pa., lost almost its entire business portion by fire. The loss is \$40,000, with much less insurance.

John Butler, said to have been the oldest bachelor in the United States, is dead in Huntington, L. I., in his 101st year.

A desperate attempt was made to fire the Lafayette Hotel, the largest hotel in Philadelphia, by thieves for the sake of plunder.

Articles of incorporation of the American Beet Sugar Company, with a capital of \$20,000,000, have been filed at Trenton, N. J.

John Wacachas, a miner from Illinois, was found dead in his room at the Clark Hotel, New York, from gas asphyxiation.

Patrick Hassett, was beaten over the head with an iron bar by Mrs. Thomas Cary and killed at Worcester, Mass. Mrs. Cary was insane.

At Hoboken, N. J., a small manufactory of fireworks was destroyed by an explosion and Nicola Anzalone was killed and Michael Angelo, 14 years old, was fatally hurt.

At Zanesville, William G. Dailey of Brockport, N. Y., traveling salesman for an Eastern piano firm, after losing \$1,500 at gambling while drunk, borrowed a knife from the keeper of the gambling house and slashed his throat in an ugly manner.

Frederick T. Clark of McKeesport, Pa., shot and fatally wounded his wife, who had refused to live with him, and then killed himself. The shooting took place at the home of Mrs. Clark's parents, where Clark endeavored to kill his mother-in-law.

The window glass factories of D. O. Cunningham, Cunningham & Co., limited, and Phillips & Co., at Pittsburgh, are entirely closed down by the strike of eighty hatter and shoe boys for an advance of 10 per cent. The strike involves about 1,500 men and boys.

The boiler of a locomotive drawing a train of empty coal cars on the Philadelphia and Reading Railway exploded nine miles north of Reading, Pa. Oscar Leisy, a brakeman, was killed and Lyman Emmerich, fireman, and George D. Zimmerman, engineer, were injured.

Fire started in the Northern Hotel at Buffalo, but was under control in twenty minutes. There were about a dozen persons in the building, all of whom were rescued without serious injury. Several of them were slightly hurt by jumping.

The loss will not exceed \$5,000.

WESTERN.

Navigation between Detroit and Cleveland is open.

A heavy snowstorm is reported in Colorado, seriously impeding the mountain roads.

At Perry, Ok., George W. Boggs, late postmaster of Shawnee, was convicted of robbing his own postoffice of \$2,000.

William L. Rietz of Chicago abducted his 2-year-old child from Zanesville, Ohio, where he was in the care of his mother.

At Joplin, Mo., T. B. Kier, a mine owner, while in his mine was crushed by a huge boulder that rolled down upon him.

Bishop James Duggan, for years bishop of the diocese of Chicago, died at St. Vincent's insane asylum, in the suburbs of St. Louis.

"Kid" McCoy got the decision over Joe Chornski before the National Athletic Club at San Francisco, and 8,000 persons saw the fight.

The new steel steamship, M. A. Hanna, has been successfully launched at the Globe shipyards in Cleveland. It is 430 feet over all.

At San Francisco, Claus Spreckels and his sons have organized a new electric light and power company, with a capital of \$10,000,000.

At Postoria, Ohio, Smith's livery stable burned. Forty-eight horses were burned to death and more than fifty buggies and wagons destroyed. Loss \$20,000.

"Aunt" Katy Snodgrass died at Millford Center, Ohio, of grip, aged 103 years. She was the oldest woman in the Woman's Relief Corps in the United States.

Mrs. Jane L. Stanford, widow of the California millionaire, has within the last four months made \$1,000,000 through the advance in the value of her Central Pacific stock.

At Hoytsville, Ohio, G. H. Westenhaver of North Baltimore and Clarence Wittenmeyer of Hoytsville were shot dead by Paul and John Zeltner. The Zeltners are in custody.

At Topeka, Kan., John Henry Collins received the death sentence for the murder of his father with the same placid demeanor that has characterized his actions from the first.

At Tacoma, Wash., while asleep in bed, Dr. Charles R. Corey, a prominent druggist, 50 years of age, imagined he was being chased by burglars, and thereupon shot and killed his wife.

With little hope of his recovery, Albert Griffith, known the world over as "Young Griffith," the pugilist, has been sent to the Jefferson, Ill., insane asylum. Excessive use of liquor has wrecked his mind.

Captain Hiram M. Chittenden, corps of engineers, stationed in St. Louis, has been placed in charge of the improvements in the Yellowstone National Park. He will retain his station and duties in St. Louis, however.

The five-story brick structure of the Armour Cured Hair and Felt Company in Chicago was destroyed by fire, with all its contents. The loss will reach \$250,000. Many of the employees had narrow escapes from death.

Arthur Croke, aged 17, charged with the murder of his father, L. S. Medler, aged 25, charged with highway robbery; Dominick Perello and Edward Baker, both waiting trial for burglary, broke jail at Canyon City, Colo., by removing some of the bars of the cage and digging through the wall.

Although James Galligan admitted that he was responsible for the death of Jockey John Epperson, who was fatally stabbed in a saloon opposite the Oakland, Cal., race track, a coroner's jury has returned a verdict stating that Epperson's death resulted from a knife wound in the neck inflicted by a person unknown.

A gasoline launch blew up at Folsom street wharf, San Francisco, George Nelson, the only man on board, was burned

about the face and lost both eyebrows, but was not fatally injured. The launch was totally wrecked.

At Bismarck, N. D., James W. Cole, who on Dec. 12 shot and killed his sweet-heart, Sophronia Ford, through rage and jealousy, expiated his crime on the scaffold. The execution was the second legal hanging in the State.

Robert J. Burdette, the humorist, and Mrs. Clara B. Baker were married at Pasadena, Cal. Mr. and Mrs. Burdette will make their future home in Pasadena. Where Mr. Burdette will fill the pulpit of the First Presbyterian Church.

At Brady Island, Neb., Willard and Walter Eavey, who were sleeping in a store in which the postoffice is located, were awakened by some men trying to enter. They armed themselves and when the intruders appeared both fired. One of the robbers fell, wounded in the hip by a charge from a shotgun. The other burglar escaped.

Five fishermen of Sandusky, H. C. Passon and his three sons, James, John and Charles, and Louis Roberts, have reached their homes after a most thrilling experience on Lake Erie. They went out in a small sail boat to lift their nets and were caught in a terrific storm, which carried away the spar of the boat and drove the ice down upon them so that they were for nearly twenty hours drifting helplessly about in a heavy sea among crushing and grinding ice floes, and in momentary danger of going to the bottom. They were finally rescued.

A battle was fought eight miles north of Dexter, Mo., between Charles Hendrickson and a gang of thieves, of which he was the head, and Sheriff Rains and a posse of officers. About 100 shots were fired. Hendrickson was killed, receiving a wound in the head. His daughter, who was an active participant in the battle, was probably fatally wounded in the left breast. Hendrickson and his gang were fugitives from Franklin County, where they were charged with a number of robberies. Two were captured and five escaped.

Convict Otis Hurley was detected at the Columbus, Ohio, penitentiary as he lay in wait for his former victim, Miss Daisy Sprague, whom he attempted to murder in September last. Hurley had been in solitary confinement, and wore a ball and chain, but with the aid of a steel saw he removed his fetters and cut his way out of the cell. When discovered he was in hiding on top of a safe in the office where Miss Sprague is employed as bookkeeper.

He was armed with a stiletto made of half a pair of scissors. Hurley is serving a twelve-year sentence for his former attempt upon the life of the young woman, of whom he is enamored.

A lockout affecting nearly 500 workmen occurred the other day in East St. Louis. The trouble was between the contractors and the Allied Building Trades' Union.

The difficulty arose through a refusal of C. C. L. Bosque, a contractor, to allow Charles Palmer, a walking delegate, to go among his men while working. Accordingly the union passed a resolution condemning Bosque and a strike was threatened.

To circumvent this the contractors, about twenty-five, got together, and when the men came to work they found that all had been laid off until they agreed to abide by the contractors' decision. All the men employed on the new city hall are included.

Allen O. Hewitt, once a prominent attorney, died at the Soldiers' Home at Chillicothe, Ohio, the confessed murderer of Samuel Penn, another young attorney. Some years ago Penn was mysteriously poisoned, a large quantity of strychnine having been placed in medicine he was taking. Hewitt was presumably his friend, but it seems he determined to murder him, and happened into the doctor's office just as he was preparing some medicine for Penn, in which, while the doctor was absent, Hewitt placed the poison. The murder has always been one of the deepest mysteries of the county. Hewitt became a wreck in mind and body from remorse for his crime, and finally died at the home.

SOUTHERN.

In a fire at Memphis, Tenn., four people lost their lives and several were seriously injured.

Lightning struck J. E. Howerton's barn at Oakville, Ky., killing Robert Penod and dangerously injuring Mr. Howerton.

At Gordonsville, Tenn., Jeff Kenny, a farmer, struck George Williams on the head with a mallet, killing him instantly.

At Collierville, Tenn., John Gilbert, a drug clerk, was shot and killed; it is claimed, by Albert S. Morris. Three men have been arrested.

The bodies of Lonnie Lane, aged 22, and Miss Glennie Sauls, aged 14, have been found near Kingston, N. C. It is believed Lane shot Miss Sauls and then killed himself.

Two hundred employees of the La Belle iron works at Wheeling, W. Va., employed in the plate mill and as laborers, have received an increase of wages averaging 10 per cent.

At Port Arthur, Texas, seven miles of ship cable connecting the waters of Sabine lake and the Gulf of Mexico were formally opened with a celebration in which 5,000 people participated.

Walter A. Farrabee shot William S. Arlucke in the hip in front of the Clarand Hotel at Memphis, inflicting a painful though not serious wound. The cause of the trouble is said to be domestic affairs.

At Sweetwater, Texas, E. P. Woodruff, a lawyer, attacked and shot Judge John H. Cochran in chambers with a revolver, the trouble growing out of the court's refusal to approve a bill of exceptions in a lawsuit. A bystander named R. P. Watts was shot in the hip.

While O. H. Skinner, a saloonkeeper, was lying ill in an upper room of his house, near Gray, W. Va., he and his wife were attacked by a negro, who assaulted them and attempted robbery. Skinner got hold of his revolver, and while the man was attacking his wife, shot him three times in the head, killing him instantly.

FOREIGN.

Richard Cadbury, head of the great cocoa manufacturing company, is dead at London.

Comte Alexandre Danzane de Chanderdy, a noted French diplomatist, died in Paris in his seventy-third year.

The opposition press of Chili criticizes Minister Buchanan's boundary dispute award and blames the Government.

The Filipinos have burned their stronghold at Malabon and their forces fled from the city in the direction of Malolos.

The dowager empress has ordered the governors of the maritime provinces of

China to resist forcibly any landing of armed foreigners.

A German-American swindler, O. W. H. Reif, has been sentenced at Dresden, Germany, to forty-two months' imprisonment for obtaining jewelry from a court jeweler under false pretenses.

A terrible battle was fought northeast of Calocan, in which the Americans lost 100 men, including killed and injured, and the rebels lost about 500. Aguinaldo's forces were completely routed.

A steady decrease in emigration from Switzerland to North and South America is reported to the State Department by Consul Ridgely, at Geneva, who adds that the fact seems to be a source of satisfaction to the Swiss press.

George Bidwell, the elder of the two brothers who gained world-wide notoriety by defrauding the Bank of England out of \$5,000,000 in 1872 by forged securities, died in a lodging house at Butte, Mont., of pneumonia, after a two weeks' illness. He was 67 years old.

The Berlin correspondent of the London Morning Post says: "In their desire to effect a friendly settlement of the Samoan difficulty the German authorities have decided to discontinue their support of Mataafa, hoping that this will induce the United States to recall Chief Justice Chambers."

Francisco Valencia, insurgent governor of Cavite, escaped into the American lines and surrendered to Gen. Otis. He says Aguinaldo has an army of between 20,000 and 30,000 men, armed with Mausers and Remingtons, and that the mass of natives are sick of war and are only kept from surrendering to the Americans by the threats of the leaders.

IN GENERAL.

According to the Kellogg dynamometer, Captain J. D. Keen, a Louisville and Nashville conductor, is the strongest man in the world, when all the muscles of the body are taken into account. His total strength is registered at 13,655 pounds.

Sir William McDonald, the Canadian millionaire tobacco manufacturer, has made another munificent donation, said to be \$500,000, to McGill University, Montreal, for the school of mining. The total amount of Sir William's gifts to McGill University exceeds \$3,000,000.

A report comes from Dawson that two Swedes, mining on a gold claim on lower Dominion creek, Klondike, struck the well-preserved body of a monster mammoth at a depth under the surface of forty feet. So well preserved was the monster that the hind quarter, weighing 8,642 pounds, was taken to Dawson in sections and served in a restaurant in place of moose meat.

Druggists attribute the recent advance of 65 per cent in the price of quinine to the great consumption due to the Spanish war. The consumption of quinine during the last bubonic plague in India was also immense. It is said that many cultivators of cinchona neglected their trees when the price fell below a profitable figure and that this has caused the marked stringency in the market.

The American Indians of St. Regis reservation are egging on the Canadian Indians to revolt against the Canadian Government. It is expected that the Ottawa Government will look to the State of New York to aid in quelling the disturbance.

Between 200 and 300 of the Indians disappeared, beat, maltreated and nearly killed Inspector Hogan and Dominion Police-men Chamberlain and chased them and Constable Morris of Dundee from the reservation and kept the Indian agent, John Long, a prisoner for five hours.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says: "Business is not frightened either by the great capitalization of new companies or by the wild fluctuations in Wall street. No matter how much the stock operations in New York may count, business elsewhere is large enough to warrant a wonderful expansion of industries and that is the thing most important to observe. In no considerable branch has production diminished, but in practically all it has been increasing during the last week. In iron and steel a little lower price for Bessemer appears at Pittsburgh, but with gray forge 75 cents higher there and Southern iron at Chicago 50 cents to \$1 higher. Chicago is taking many contracts for building in Boston, New York and Washington, amounting to 4,000 tons, but makers elsewhere are overcrowded with work. The minor metals are all weaker with the reaction of London speculation. Wool is at the doubting point, with large sales ordered from the interior by third holders, and some concessions made to secure transactions at Philadelphia and Boston, though quotations show only moderate decline, and sales at the three chief markets are almost as large as in 1902. Failures for the week have been 200 in the United States, against 251 last year, and 24 in Canada, against 21 last year."

THE MARKETS.

Chicago—Cattle, common to prime, \$3.00 to \$6.00; hogs, shipping grades, \$3.00 to \$4.00; sheep, fair to choice, \$3.00 to \$5.00; wheat, No. 2 red, 72c to 73c; corn, No. 2, 36c to 37c; oats, No. 2, 26c to 28c; rye, No. 2, 53c to 55c; butter, choice creamery, 20c to 22c; eggs, fresh, 11c to 13c; potatoes, choice, 58c to 65c per bushel.

Indianapolis—Cattle, shipping, \$3.00 to \$5.75; hogs, choice light, \$2.75 to \$4.00; sheep, common to choice, \$2.50 to \$4.50; wheat, No. 2 red, 68c to 70c; corn, No. 2 white, 34c to 36c; oats, No. 2 white, 31c to 32c.

St. Louis—Cattle, \$3.50 to \$6.00; hogs, \$3.00 to \$4.00; sheep, fair to choice, \$3.00 to \$4.75; wheat, No. 2, 76c to 77c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 34c to 36c; oats, No. 2, 27c to 29c; rye, No. 2, 56c to 58c.

Cincinnati—Cattle, \$2.50 to \$5.75; hogs, \$3.00 to \$4.25; sheep, \$2.50 to \$4.75; wheat, No. 2, 74c to 75c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 36c to 38c; oats, No. 2 mixed, 28c to 29c; rye, No. 2, 58c to 60c.

Detroit—Cattle, \$2.50 to \$5.75; hogs, \$3.00 to \$4.00; sheep, \$2.50 to \$4.50; wheat, No. 2, 71c to 73c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 34c to 36c; oats, No. 2 white, 31c to 32c; rye, No. 2, 56c to 61c.

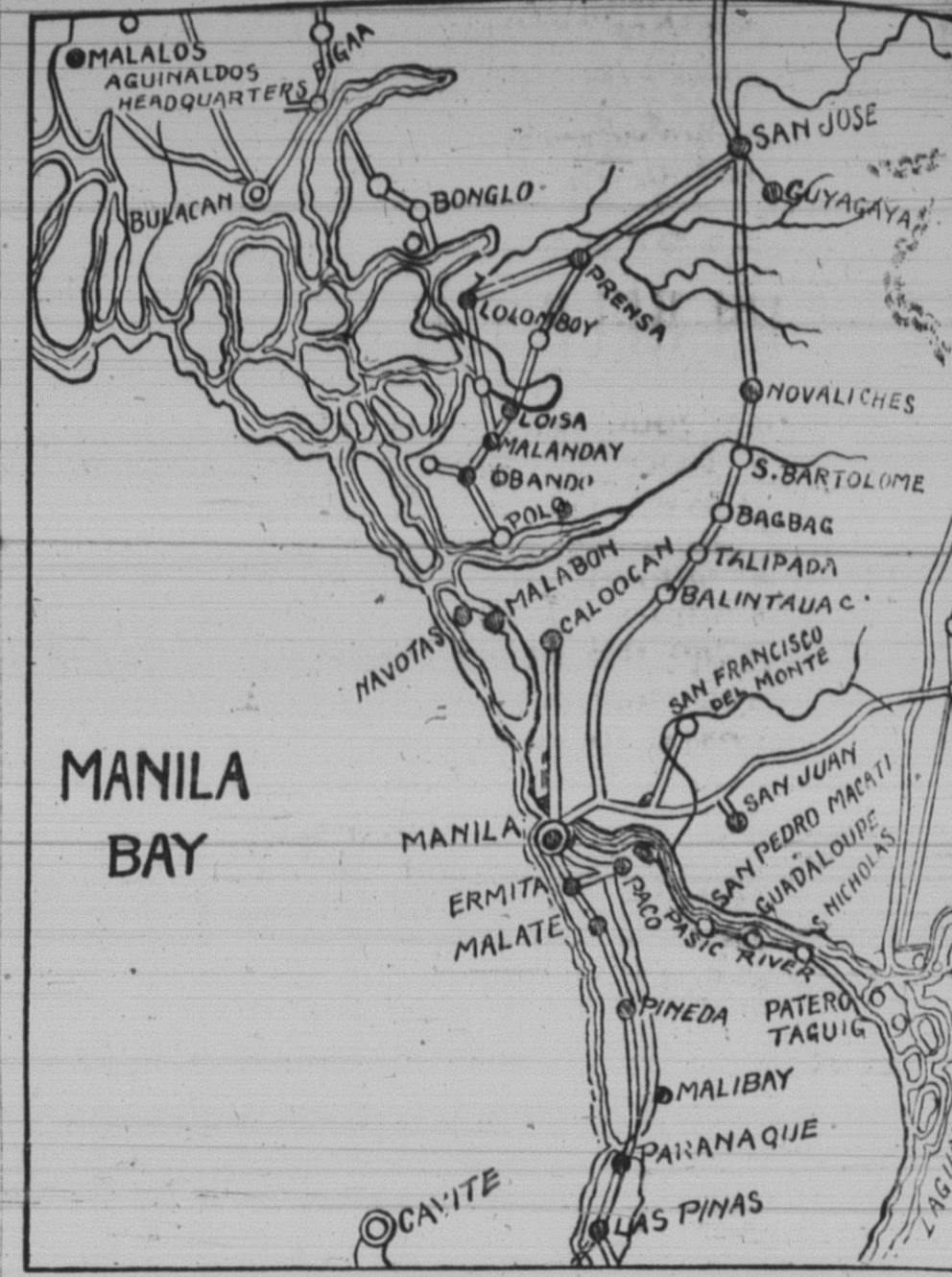
Toledo—Wheat, No. 2 mixed, 74c to 75c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 35c to 36c; oats, No. 2 white, 27c to 29c; rye, No. 2, 55c to 57c; clover seed, new, \$3.50 to \$3.60.

Milwaukee—Wheat, No. 2 spring, 68c to 72c; corn, No. 3, 29c to 32c; oats, No. 2 white, 29c to 32c; rye, No. 1, 55c to 57c; barley, No. 2, 46c to 48c; pork, mess, \$8.75 to \$9.25.

Buffalo—Cattle, good shipping steers, \$3.00 to \$5.75; hogs, common to choice, \$3.25 to \$4.25; sheep, fair to choice, \$2.50 to \$3.50; wheat, No. 2, 74c to 75c; corn, No. 2, 34c to 36c; oats, No. 2 white, 31c to 32c; rye, No. 2, 56c to 61c.

New York—Cattle, \$3.25 to \$5.75; hogs, \$3.00 to \$4.50; sheep, \$3.00 to \$5.25; wheat, No. 2 red, 84c to 85c; corn, No. 2, 43c to 45c; oats, No. 2 white, 36c to 40c; butter, creamery, 17c to 23c; eggs, Western, 13c to 14c.

PROGRESS OF THE WAR IN THE PHILIPPINES.



MAP SHOWING THE SCENE OF OPERATIONS AROUND MANILA.

MALCOLS IS CAPTURED.

Insurgent Capital Taken by American Troops—Aguinaldo Escapes.

Malolos, the Filipino capital, was captured and destroyed Friday, but Aguinaldo managed to elude the Americans and escaped in safety. After three hours of desperate fighting the natives, realizing that further effort was hopeless, set fire to the city and fled in disorder. A large portion of Aguinaldo's army managed to break through the lines and the men scattered in every direction, leaving guns and swords behind. The American loss was comparatively small, considering the severe nature of the combat. Rapid-fire guns had been trained upon the city and spread consternation among the native troops.

MacArthur began the attack at 7 o'clock in the morning, having the city practically surrounded by his forces. Line after line of intrenchments was stormed, the defenders falling back into the town. At last the natives found that they could do no more, so they applied the torch to buildings in every direction and began the retreat.

Aguinaldo and his cabinet sought safety in flight, escaping capture. Filipinos taken by the Americans say that the native leader left Malolos two days ago, and with his chief supporters, headed for the north. Although by this move Aguinaldo may claim that he saved his capital from falling into the hands of the United States forces, it is doubtful if he can retain his influence over the native forces. Many Filipino officers consider the flight an un-

derstandable move. The Philippine commission will issue a proclamation promising amnesty to all natives who lay down their arms, and self rule to those who recognize the sovereignty of the United States. This is the program which the State Department understands has been adopted by the commission. As Gen. Otis and Admiral Dewey are members of the commission, it is presumed here that they are responsible for the delay in issuing the proclamation, believing its effect will be greater if published after the insurgents have been subdued.

AMNESTY FOR NATIVES. Proclamation to Be Issued When Aguinaldo Is Subdued.

As soon as Gen. Otis achieves a decisive victory over Aguinaldo the Philippine commission will issue a proclamation promising amnesty to all natives who lay down their arms, and self rule to those who recognize the sovereignty of the United States. This is the program which the State Department understands has been adopted by the commission. As Gen. Otis and Admiral Dewey are members of the commission, it is presumed here that they are responsible for the delay in issuing the proclamation, believing its effect will be greater if published after the insurgents have been subdued.

NO MORE VOLUNTEERS FOR OTIS. Gen. Corbin Makes No Mention of Mustering in 35,000.

It is said at the War Department that the subject of mustering in 35,000 volunteers under the army reorganization bill has not been mentioned to the President, either by Acting Secretary of War Melkkeljohn or Adj. Gen. Corbin. There is no intention to bring forward this question at present, as, with the troops already ordered to Manila and which it will take some months to transport thither, Gen. Otis has all the forces necessary to accomplish what is desired of him in the Philippines.

WAR NEWS IN BRIEF. The rebels burned the villages as they retreated in bad order toward Malolos.

A colored woman was found hidden in a house at Meycauayan, dead, apparently from fright.

The men of the First Nebraska swam the river under fire and did much to disconcert the enemy.

Insurgents have been found with their throats cut. This is taken to indicate that they were thus punished for refusing to fight.

Official reports show that the casualties in the fighting about Manila from Feb. 4 to March 28 were 180 killed and 800 wounded.

The Filipinos tore up sections of the railroad in many places and attempted to burn the bridge at Bigan, but the fire was extinguished owing to the timely arrival of the Americans.

The newspaper Republic made the cheerful suggestion that arsenic be put in the water at Malolos in order to kill the Americans.

Twenty-nine insurgents were killed Wednesday in front of the Peninsular volunteers alone, and the other regiments engaged did equally effective work.

Desperate opposition was met at several points during the eight-mile march from Manila. The Filipinos soon scattered before the American fire, leaving many dead and wounded behind. The casualties in MacArthur's division were comparatively slight.

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WAR ON IN SAMOA.

American and British Ships
Shell Native Towns.

SAILORS ARE KILLED.

Attack by Rebels Under Mataafa Brings
About the Clash.

Several Villages Are Destroyed and a
Large Number of Natives Killed and
Injured—Three British Sailors and
an American Sentry Killed by the
Rebels During a Pierce Attack—German
Consul Refuses to Aid the Other
Powers.

The startling news from Samoa, cabled to this country from Auckland, whither the intelligence had been sent by the usual mail advices, indicates that a serious clash has taken place between the official representatives of Great Britain and the United States and the native adherents of Mataafa. The followers of Mataafa, after having refused to disperse in accordance with the demands of the English and American officials, attempted to make a demonstration against the British and American consuls. From the fact that the commanders of the British and the American warships, the Porpoise and the Philadelphia, felt justified in shelling the natives who engaged in the demonstration, it is to be assumed that the provocation offered by Mataafa's followers was extreme.

According to the Auckland dispatches, the chiefs supporting King Mataafa having refused to abide by the terms of the tripartite treaty, and continuing to defy them despite the representations of the agents of the United States and Great Britain. Admiral Kautz, the American naval commander, convened a meeting of

ed the German warship Falke. The rebels made an attack on the town at night and killed three British sailors. A British marine was shot through the legs accidentally by a British sentry. Another was shot in the feet. An American sentry was killed at his post by the natives. The bombardment continued slowly for eight days.

Mataafa and Malletoa Tana were the rival candidates for king. After the election Chief Justice Chambers decided that Malletoa was legally elected. Under the treaty agreements the decision of the Chief Justice was to be final in such cases. Mataafa revolted against this decision and attacked Malletoa's men.

The outbreak was suppressed, and it was announced that the three consuls had agreed to recognize Mataafa as king. This was afterward denied. Mataafa established a provisional government and at-



STREET SCENE AT APIA.

tempted, with the aid of the German consul and Dr. Fafel, the German president of the council, to oust Chief Justice Chambers from office. This attempt failed through the activity of the American and British consuls and Commander Sturde of the British cruiser Porpoise. Affairs continued in an unsettled state, the government of Mataafa being tyrannical.

The gravest aspect of the matter, of course, is involved in the possibility of further complications in the relations of the three powers which hold the joint protectorate of Samoa. It has been known from the first that Germany's representatives in the islands are favorable to Mataafa, while the British and American representatives have stood together in declaring Mataafa ineligible for the kingship. It was because the American who holds the position of chief justice had decided that Mataafa was ineligible, while

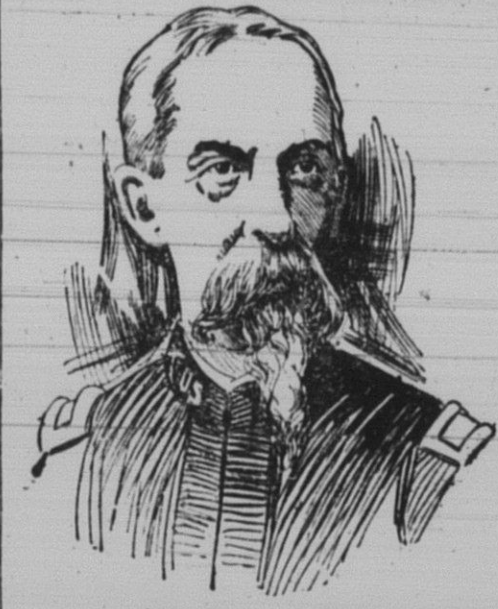
MOVE UPON MALOLOS.

AMERICAN TROOPS CLOSE IN
ON AGUINALDO.

Hot Engagement Extends Over Three
Days—American Loss About 40 Killed
and 200 Wounded—Many Natives Die.
—Filipinos Retreat to Their Capital.

The fighting around Manila was resumed Sunday at different points, the outcome of the day's operations being further victory for the American arms and the continued retreat of the rebels, though the enemy was strongly entrenched and the natural obstacles to our advance were almost insuperable. The Filipinos were forced back at every point, but owing to the destruction of bridges and the roughness of the country the Americans were unable to follow up their advantage as promptly as could have been wished. Many of our soldiers suffered severely from the intense heat and there were several prostrations, but neither heat, a strongly entrenched enemy, tangled bamboo thickets, nor brass bullets intimidated our gallant fellows, who drove the Filipinos before them wherever they found them.

Gen. MacArthur and Gen. Wheaton at the head of their brigades carried off the honors of the day. The former, with three brigades, assisted by the army gun-



COL. H. G. EGBERT.

boats, drove the enemy out of their trenches around Polo, although they held strong positions and the advance upon them was over a rough country. The rebels could not withstand the impetuous onset of our men and were driven back like sheep, after firing a single volley. Gen. Wheaton's brigade, after a sharp engagement, took Malinta, but could not follow up this advantage at once, owing to the destruction of a bridge by the rebels and the impossibility of fording the river. An incident of Gen. Wheaton's advance was the evacuation of the city of Malabon and its burning by the rebels, which Gen. Wheaton was unable to prevent owing to the natural obstacles in his front.

It is a grateful feature of the day's operations that our casualties were light, so far as the number of killed is concerned. Among these was Col. Egbert of the Twenty-second infantry, one of the most gallant officers in the army, who was shot in the thickest of the fighting, the place where he was most likely to be found. He had proved his gallantry in the civil war and he was wounded at San Juan. He died shortly after receiving the praises of Gen. Wheaton for his splendid courage and fine work. In his death the army has lost one of its best soldiers. The total number of Americans killed in the engagement of Saturday, Sunday and Monday is 40 and the wounded 200.

Severe fighting continued Monday and our casualties were about forty. The insurgents destroyed bridges, which impeded progress of train and artillery. Our troops met the concentrated insurgent forces on northern line, commanded by Aguinaldo in person, and drove them with considerable slaughter. They left nearly 100 dead on field, and many prisoners and small arms were captured.

The army has forced its way through an almost impassable country, while suffering from the intense heat and having to engage an enemy who will not fight in the open, but retreats from one interment to another behind which they are concealed while our troops are exposed to their volley firing. Our troops are gradually closing around them.

Opinions differ on Washington as to what the effect upon the insurgents will be in the event the American troops soon capture Malolos, the headquarters of Aguinaldo, and drive the insurgents to the jungle. By some it is thought that would practically end the war, but others hold that as long as the Filipinos can procure supplies they are apt to keep up a guerrilla warfare, and that it may be many months before they lay down their arms and ask for terms. The conflict has gone so far that the authorities are determined that the campaign must be waged fiercely.

SPANISH AID THE REBELS.

Prisoners Released on Condition that
They Take Up Arms.

The suspicion which had for some time been entertained by War Department officials in Washington—namely, that Aguinaldo had released the Spanish prisoners of war on condition that they take up arms against the Americans—was confirmed by the message from Gen. Otis, which was received Sunday.

The Spaniards who remained in the power of the insurgents have made common cause with them, and Gen. Corbin was ready to admit that this had been his belief for some time. The Spaniards are good fighters, and it is their influence which is responsible for the recent resistance to their help and leadership the Filipinos had given no indication of military knowledge or heroic conduct. They ran like sheep under the first fire. Now they stand and fight to the death. Gen. Corbin says the best estimate of Aguinaldo's strength is 30,000.

Admiral Dewey recently said to a newspaper correspondent: "I am beginning to think I may never see our own country again; the campaign is now assuming such an aspect that I cannot think of going home. I am grateful to my country for gratifying my highest ambition. All I now ask is that the people stop writing to me."

J. Frank Wheaton, a member of the present Legislature in Minnesota, is the first colored man who ever sat in that body. He was elected by a constituency of 9,000 voters, only fifty of whom are colored men.

TEN DIE IN RACE WAR.

Negroes Are Run Down by Mob of
Whites for Plotting Revenge.
A war of extermination is on between the whites and negroes in Little River County in the extreme southwest corner of Arkansas, and seven of the latter are known to be dead. Many other negroes are missing.

The wholesale lynching is the result of the murder of James A. Stockton, a planter, last Saturday by a big negro called "General" Duckett. After hiding for some time Duckett gave himself up and was being taken toward Richmond, the county seat, when he was taken by a mob and lynched. He confessed to a carefully laid plan by the negroes to precipitate a race war, and told of many whites who were marked for execution. It was learned from Duckett that there were twenty-three negroes in the plot, and their names were given. Several parties of white men started out to execute speedy vengeance on the plotters. The negroes became panic-stricken and fled in all directions.

Willis Boyd, C. C. Reed and Minor Wilson, three negroes, were taken from an office and lynched near Silver City, in Yazoo County, Miss. They were the ring-leaders in a race encounter at the Midnight plantation. After being shot to death their bodies were cut down and thrown into the Yazoo river.

FEAR WAR IN SAMOA.

Differences of Three Powers Have
Reached an Acute Stage.

Differences between the three powers in control at Samoa have reached such an acute stage that repudiation of the Berlin treaty is more than probable. Despite the unanimous testimony of the representatives of the United States and Great Britain, the German Government continues to uphold the course of Consul Rose at Apia. If the present agreement is overthrown there is little likelihood of a new understanding and the islands will be at the mercy of whichever party can muster the greatest strength.

Recent events at Apia have made the strain more dangerous. Admiral Kautz, with the approval of the British authorities, has sustained the actions of Chief Justice Chambers. The American naval commander called a meeting of all officials for March 17, and although no news has been received since that date, many express the fear that serious results followed the conference. Should this be the case the Germans will undoubtedly attempt to hold the Americans responsible, the Berlin treaty being that unanimous action is necessary under the treaty provisions.

AVAILABLE SUPPLY OF GRAIN.

Bradstreet's Shows Changes During
the Past Week.

Special cable and telegraphic dispatches to Bradstreet's indicate the following changes in the available supply of grain last Saturday, as compared with the preceding Saturday:

	Bushels.
United States and Canada, east of the Rocky Mountains, increase, 17,000	
Liverpool Corn Trade News, about 100,000	
for and in Europe, increase, 300,000	
Total supply, increase, 317,000	
Corn, United States and Canada, east of the Rocky Mountains, increase, 530,000	
Oats, United States and Canada, east of the Rocky Mountains, increase, 567,000	
Among the more important decreases reported to Bradstreet's not given in the official visible supply statement are those of 292,000 bushels at Galveston and 200,000 bushels at northwestern interior elevators. The principal increases are those of 174,000 bushels at Ontario and Manitoba storage points. The aggregate stock of wheat held at Portland, Ore., and Tacoma and Seattle, Wash., decreased 277,000 bushels during the week.	

TESTIMONY IS CUMULATIVE.

Board of Inquiry Goes Back to New
York with Interesting Information.

The members of the Government inquiry finished their labors in Chicago and left for New York. The testimony of Gov. Theodore Roosevelt will be received, after which the court will proceed to Governor's Island. The evidence brought forth on their last day in Chicago was largely cumulative in its character, consisting mainly of criticisms of the canned beef and refrigerator beef from soldiers in Cuba and Porto Rico. David Fleischmann, a bellboy in the Morrison hotel, told of a visit to the stock yards in company of an unknown man whose purpose he supposed to be an experiment in the matter of preserving beef by chemical treatment. Clark Marshall, the provision specialist, whose testimony was expected to be sensational, threw no additional light on the question, his evidence being principally the expression of opinion that canned beef as now put on the market is totally unfit for human food.

STATEMENT OF FOREIGN TRADE.

February Report Issued by the Bureau
of Statistics.

The February statement of the imports and exports of the United States, issued by the bureau of statistics, shows as follows: Imports of merchandise during February, 1898, \$20,290,032, of which \$28,074,173 was free of duty; increase over February, 1898, about \$7,186,000. Exports of merchandise, \$20,884,149; decrease, \$1,000,000. Imports of gold, \$324,840; decrease \$700,000. Imports of silver, \$1,427,027; decrease \$658,000. Exports of silver, \$4,562,196; increase \$800,000.

FATAL FIRE AT MEMPHIS.

Four Persons Suffocated and Three
Others Seriously Injured.

In a fire which broke out in a boarding house at Memphis four people lost their lives and several were seriously injured. The origin of the fire is not known. It was the second fire in the same building during the night, and it is thought the earlier blaze was not entirely extinguished. The fire was a remarkably rapid one, and had made considerable headway by the time the firemen arrived on the scene.

TO HURRY VOLUNTEERS HOME.

Plans to Get Them Away from Cuba
by April 25.

Adjutant General Corbin has undertaken to get all the volunteers out of Cuba by April 25, and arrangements are now being perfected with that end in view. This is fully two weeks within the limit of May 10 set by the President before he left for the South. The preparations of the undertaking may be realized when it is remembered that twenty-three regiments must be transported by sea to United States ports within a month.

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL.

SERIOUS SUBJECTS CAREFULLY
CONSIDERED.

A Scholarly Exposition of the Lesson
—Thoughts Worthy of Calm Reflection—
—Half an Hour's Study of the
Scriptures—Time Well Spent.

The lesson for April 9, the text of which is John 12: 1-11, tells us of "The Anointing in Bethany." We come now to the close of the ministry of Jesus. If the raising of Lazarus occurred some time in February or early in March, there is an interval of several weeks between that and the anointing by Mary; for the date of the latter is definitely fixed—"six days before the passover," that is, Saturday of the preceding week, the day before the triumphal entry. The exact date is fixed by scholars (reckoning the date of the passover by the full moon near the vernal equinox of the year 30) as April 1. Between the raising of Lazarus and the anointing at Bethany there occurred several events and discourses in Judea; for example, the healing of the ten lepers (Luke 17: 11-19), the parable of the Pharisee and the Publican (Luke 18: 9-14), the blessing of little children (Luke 18: 15-17), the conversation with the rich young ruler (Luke 18: 18-30), the rebuke to James and John, the healing of the blind men near Jericho, the visit to Zacchaeus, etc.

EXPLANATORY.

"Martha saved": a strong indication that she was in the house of a relative or intimate friend. There is a tradition that Martha was married and that Simon was her husband; another that she was his widow the house retaining the name of its deceased master. Of course these are merely guesses.

"A pound of ointment of spikenard, very costly": this "nard" is said to be the liquid perfume, of an oily nature, obtained from an Indian plant. It is mentioned in the classic writers as one of the costliest of perfumes. Anointing with oil—olive oil—was universal in ancient times. The richer a man was the finer the quality of the oil he used, and the more profuse in quantity. Some degree of anointing seems to have been regarded as necessary to health, to soothe the skin after exposure to the burning sun and to preserve the suppleness of the muscles. Beyond this, it was a luxury; and of course the use of costly perfumes was possible only to the wealthy. Mary's nard was contained in an alabaster flask (Matthew and Mark, which in itself was a mark of luxury. It has sometimes been supposed that this flask of ointment represented the one heirloom of the household, or the savings of years, so that in pouring the nard freely upon her Master's feet Mary was spending her all. There are some things to indicate that this was not the case, that the family were people of some affluence. The number of mourners at the funeral of Lazarus is one point, especially the fact that Jews came (presumably from Jerusalem) among that number. This very passage is another hint pointing in that direction, since neither the objectors nor Jesus made any reference to Mary's having begged herself by her extravagance—her point was that she ought to have helped the poor; and the natural inference is that she herself was not poor.

John names only Judas; but Judas, though the first to see the financial folly of the act—being a business man himself—soon got followers among his fellow disciples, as we learn from Matthew and Mark. We cannot believe that all of the twelve joined in; certainly John himself cannot have done so.

"Three hundred pence": that is, 500 denarii; about \$50, but equal in purchasing power at that time to six or seven times that sum. Only the very wealthy would use a pound of nard to anoint the feet of a single guest, and then only if he were a distinguished person, a prince or great general or famous ruler. Even in our time, if a person in ordinary circumstances were to present \$400 worth of cut flowers to a guest, it would be thought very extravagant, yet the flowers would last for days, while the perfume of this nard was a fleeting pleasure. This is the practical way of looking at it—Judas' way. In the thought of Jesus, and of all true followers of him, the perfume of Mary's precious gift outlasts the centuries.

"For the poor always ye have with you": there has been not a little dispute about a supposed misapplication of these words as an incitement to benevolence. In many churches it is a custom—the origin of which is obscure—to quote these words previous to the collection for the poor which is commonly taken before the Lord's supper. Some extremely critical persons have objected to this, because Jesus was not primarily recommending charitable giving, but rather calling attention to the superior virtue and gracefulness of direct personal ministry to himself. That is true; it is true that he spoke the words as a reproof to disingenuous objectors, saying in effect: "You profess to be so anxious about the poor; then why do you not show your anxiety on ordinary occasions, in every day life? Why do you forget all about them until some money is spent in another way? Charity to the poor is right and necessary, but there are other duties as well."

The end was now rapidly approaching. This Saturday evening at Bethany marks the beginning of the catastrophe. Its publicity especially the astonishment and curiosity that would be aroused among the guests and the hangers-on outside the house (common at oriental festivities) by Mary's extravagant gift, thoroughly awakened the priests of Jerusalem to the crisis. These priests, being Sadducees and special haters of the doctrine of a resurrection, were eager to get Lazarus out of the way, and very soon their hatred changed to Jesus himself. Before another Sabbath evening came, Jesus was in his tomb.

Next Lesson—"Jesus Teaching Humility."—John 13: 1-17.

A Man of Long Pedigree.

The Earl of Mar and Kellie is credited with the longest lineage in the British peerage. Although his oldest title, "Baron Erskine," goes back less than five hundred years, the family is older than any existing records, and, in the words of a learned Scottish judge, "its origin is lost in antiquity."

Gen. Wheeler ascribes his hardihood to regular hours. He goes to bed every night at 10 and rises at 7:30 in the morning.

MICHIGAN SOLONS.

The House on Friday defeated resolutions proposing amendments to the constitution providing for equal suffrage and increasing the compensation of members of the Legislature to \$500 a year. Marquette won in the fight for the location of the proposed new normal school. The Senate passed the bill prohibiting the manufacture or sale of colored oleomargarine and confirmed Jabez B. Caswell of Bay City as State salt inspector. Gov. Pingree has signed the bill authorizing the city of Detroit to purchase the street railways of the city.

The Legislature practically took a lay-off Monday evening. Both houses had been scheduled to meet at 9 o'clock, but so many of the House members had gone to visit the Mt. Pleasant normal school there was no quorum. Enough of the Senators to do business showed up, but all they did was to file one bill, that of Representative Murdoch, providing that highway commissioners might make contracts in matters entailing less than \$50 without consulting the township boards.

It took the House committee of the whole nearly four hours to talk over three bills Tuesday afternoon and only one was passed. Representative Crosby's bill providing that in case where the State requires bonds they may be furnished by surety companies created all kinds of trouble, as it was claimed that the measure had been gotten up in the interests of the saloonkeepers, who want to evade having to secure personal bonds, the acceptance of which is now optional, while the bill made no such provision. Representative Elkhoff trotted out his bill of last session providing that all factories using emery wheels must be provided with fans and blowers, but it was amended so much that he had it informally passed. There was another warm tilt on Representative Anderson's bill to give the bodies of the pauper dead in Kent County to the Grand Rapids Medical College. The House ground out several bills in committee of the whole, including one allowing Clerk Law Miller \$800 for compiling the session laws of 1897, which was favorably passed. Representative Keop's bill providing that the custodians of county, city or township records shall permit the inspection by the public under proper rules and regulations brought up the old fight of favoritism, it being claimed some abstract firm might secure a monopoly of the records. The House Committee on Military Affairs reported out a concurrent resolution providing for the return of the battleflag of the Fortieth North Carolina Confederate infantry, captured by the Fourteenth Michigan infantry at the battle of Bentonville, S. C., March 19, 1865, and now in the military museum in the capitol. The resolution was unanimously adopted.

Gov. Pingree has signed the following bills:

Amending charter of St. Louis, two bills.

Pensioning aged and disabled firemen of Bay City.

For additional voting precincts in Franklin township, two bills.

Amending the act allowing the village of Ontonagon to borrow money and issue bonds for water works and electric light plant.

To require township boards of Wayne and Washtenaw counties to publish itemized statements of township finances.

Amending the act incorporating Mt. Clemens, changing certain ward boundaries.

To authorize Elkton to issue bonds for public improvements.

Providing for a school inspector in Seventeenth ward, Detroit.

To vacate Beaver township.

To vacate Glencoe and Yates townships.

Joint resolution authorizing the board of auditors to allow the claim of W. T. Dinsmore.

Concurrent resolution to furnish new compiled laws to members of last Legislature.

To amend the law relating to primary elections in cities of less than 15,000 and not over 150,000 inhabitants, fixing the hour when the polls shall be opened.

Authorizing Oliver township to issue bonds for public improvements.

Allowing Escanaba to issue bonds to erect a school building.

To authorize village of Fremont to borrow money for public buildings, and other public improvements.

Amending certain sections of the act incorporating Traverse City.

The following bills have recently passed the Senate:

Senator Collingwood—Make valid certain acts performed by Alexander O. Taylor, who was acting as Michigan register of deeds in the State of Rhode Island.

Mr. Chamberlain—Repealing the act creating a board of commissioners for purposes of securing a uniform series of text books.

Mr. Dickinson—Amending the act for reorganization of military forces of Michigan; permits eligible colored men to join the National Guard.

Mr. Nevins—Changing name of Frank Crawford to Frank Lull.

Senator Loomis—Amending insurance laws of this State to enable State companies to invest their funds in municipal bonds, desirable real estate, etc.

Mr. Chamberlain—Making the president of village of Ontonagon a member of the board of supervisors of Ontonagon County.

Mr. McLeod—Authorizing city of Detroit to construct and maintain street railways.

Mr. Handy—Changing the date of election in the school district in the township of Crystal Falls.

Mr. Soper—Changing the boundary of the village of Pottersville, detaching and adding certain territory.

Senator Sayre—Amending act providing for the election of board of county canvassers, to prevent supervisors placing themselves on canvassing board.

Senator Blakeslee—Amending State banking law and fixing salaries of deputy bank examiners at \$1,700.

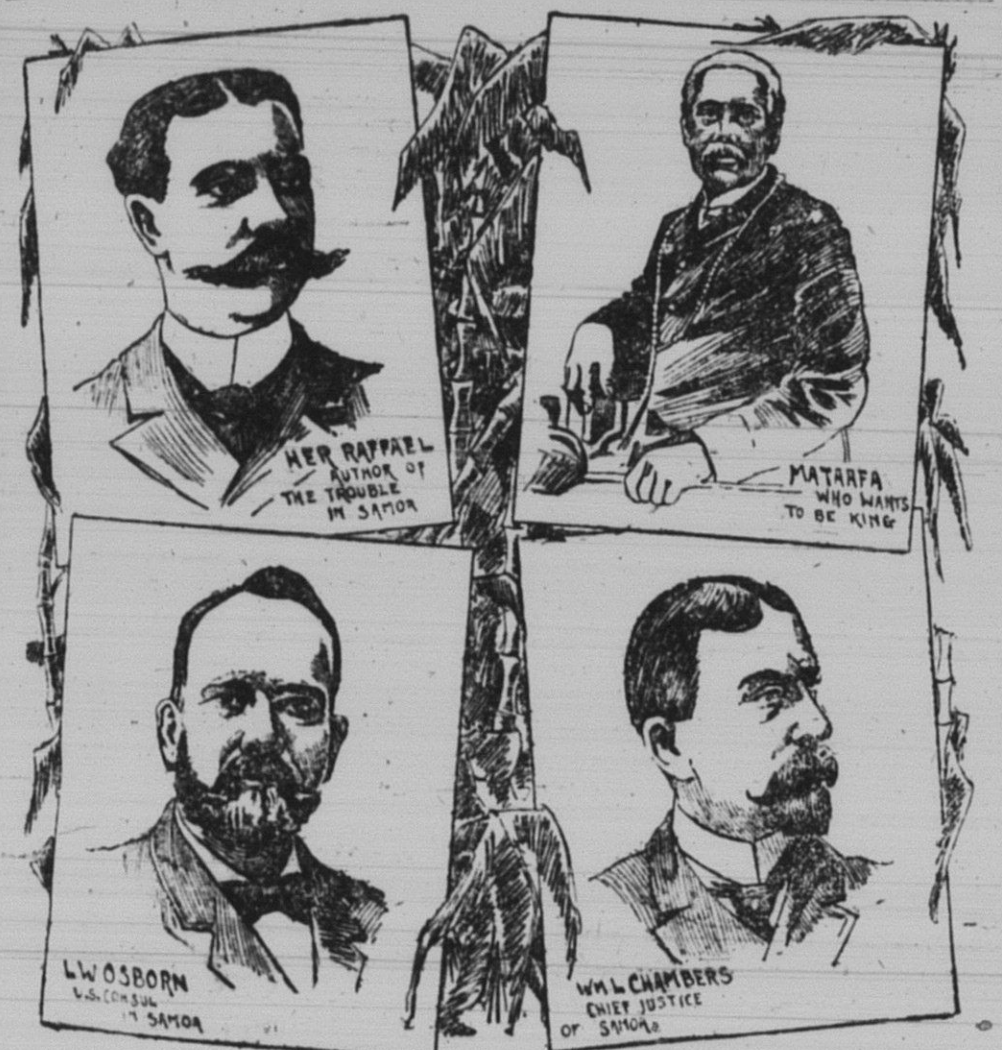
Mr. Gillam—Authorizing issue of patent for swamp land in Ogemaw County to Milton Adams.

Senator Graham—Authorizing formation of corporations to prevent cruelty to children, animals, birds and fowls.

Mr. Reed—Authorizing Oak Grove Cemetery Association of Napoleon to transfer property.

Senator Smith—Annexing certain territory of Portage township to the village of Houghton.

Mr. McCallum—Authorizing township of Hart to bond for \$5,000 to benefit said township and public improvements.



MEN PROMINENT IN THE SAMOAN TROUBLE.

the consuls and the senior naval officers on board his flagship, the cruiser Philadelphia. After discussing the question in all bearings it was resolved to dismiss the provisional government. Admiral Kautz therefore issued a proclamation ordering the adherents of Mataafa to return to their homes. When the proclamation was published Mataafa evacuated Mululinu and left inland. Herr Rose, the German consul, then issued a proclamation upholding the provisional government, whereupon the Matafaans assembled and surrounded the town.

The British cruiser Royalist had meanwhile brought a number of Malletoa prisoners from the other islands, where they had been confined by the Matafaans. The Americans fortified Mululinu, and 2,000 of the Malletoa took refuge there. The Matafaans barricaded the roads within

the German representative at Samoa refused to abide by the decision, that the disagreeable international complications arose.

PERISH IN THE MISSISSIPPI.

Steamer Rowena Lee Sinks and Three
People Drown.

The managers of the Lee line of steamers announced Thursday morning that only three lives were lost by the sinking of the Rowena Lee, near Tyler, Mo., Wednesday afternoon. The first report of the disaster which was received said that all on board had perished save the captain and an under officer of the steamer. It was estimated that between fifty and sixty persons went down. Telephone connection was secured to Caruthersville, Mo., by the officials at Memphis, and a few minutes later the announcement was made that the Rowena Lee had sunk in thirty feet of water off the landing at Tyler, and three persons were drowned.

Putting out from the Tyler landing the steamer hit a hidden obstruction, knocking in the hull, but succeeded in landing all the passengers and crew except the three missing. From the best information obtainable the disaster was caused in this way: The river at Tyler is over the banks, and the boat in landing ran up almost to the street of the little town. In backing to the landing it is thought the boat ran on to a stump, and broke in two. She floated down the river some distance and sank, and will prove a total loss.

WHAT THE LATE CONGRESS DID.

Statement Prepared Giving in Figures
Result of the Work Done.

B. S. Platt, enrolling clerk of the Senate, has prepared a statement giving in figures the results of the work of the last Congress. The statement shows that 1,457 bills and joint resolutions became laws out of a total of 18,463 introduced in both houses. Of the measures introduced 12,008 were presented in the House and 5,555 in the Senate. Of those which became laws 942 originated in the House and 515 in the Senate.

There were only two direct votes during the Congress, one of these applying to a Senate bill and the other to a House measure. There were in addition to these four pocket vetoes—bills which failed to become laws because they were not approved by the President.

The record shows that the Senate passed 1,173 of its own bills and that the House acted favorably upon only 517, or fewer than half of them, while of the 1,081 House bills passed by the House the Senate acted favorably upon 946. A larger number of bills were introduced than in any previous Congress.

Wisconsin exports cattle to Japan.



COURT HOUSE AT APIA.

the municipality and seized a number of houses belonging to British subjects. An ultimatum was sent to their leaders, warning them if they did not evacuate the municipality by 1 o'clock, March 15, the place would be bombarded by the American and British warships. To this ultimatum the Matafaans paid not the slightest attention, but, on the contrary, began an attack on the Malletoaans.

Bombardment Is Begun.

American Consul Osborn and British Consul Maxse consulted, and at their instance, a half hour before the ultimatum expired, the Philadelphia and the Porpoise opened fire on some distant villages. The Yankee and British gunners had great difficulty in locating the enemy, owing to the dense forests in which they were concealed. The fire from the warships, however, soon set fire to some of the shore villages and caused much damage.

A defective shell from the Philadelphia exploded near the American consulate, and the marines who were standing guard outside had a very narrow escape. A piece of the shell went through the German consulate, causing great destruction. The Germans became alarmed and re-

THE CHELSEA STANDARD

An independent local newspaper published every Thursday afternoon from its office in the basement of the Turnbull & Wilkinson block, Chelsea, Mich.

BY O. T. HOOVER.

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Suburban Rumors

SHARON.

Seymour Kendall was in Jackson on business last week.

August Oversmith of the U. of M. came home to vote.

Several from here attended the teachers' examination at Ann Arbor last week.

Miss Tillie Oversmith began teaching school last Monday in the Grossman district south of Manchester.

The young people of North Sharon are preparing to give the play "Uncle Josh" sometime in the near future.

WATERLOO.

L. L. Gorton is having a tussle with measles.

Born, Wednesday, April 5, to Mr. and Mrs. George Beeman, a son.

Robert Howlett fell from a ladder Tuesday and broke his collar bone.

Carrie Schweinfurth spent Sunday with her parents near Francisco.

The spring term of school began on Monday with Mr. Powell of Stockbridge as teacher.

The entire democratic ticket in the township was elected by majorities ranging from 48 to 74.

SYLVAN.

Otto Hoppe will build a new barn this coming summer.

Bert Kellogg of Detroit is visiting his parents at this place.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Stephenson of Anderson are Sylvan visitors.

Mrs. Jas. Young visited her father Mr. Coulson of Lyndon, Monday.

Miss Florence Hammond of Lima is the guest of her brother this week.

Austin Salisbury and family have moved into Austin Parker's house.

Burleigh C. Whitaker spent Sunday with George Runciman of Waterloo.

Andrew Hatley began work of the season for Nelson Dancer last Monday.

Mrs. C. T. Conklin is entertaining her nephews of Williamston this week.

E. J. Hammond has moved on the Boyd farm and will work for H. H. Boyd.

John Runciman is making arrangements to remodel his farm buildings this summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Gentner of Lima called on her parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Young, Sunday.

Mr. Stead of the University of Michigan will speak to the Sylvan Christian Union next Sunday, April 9.

Married at Ann Arbor, Thursday, March 30, Edward Gentner of Lima to Miss May Young of this place.

Wm. Kent, a former resident of this place, called on friends and neighbors here last week, noting the changes that have taken place since he left here 30 years ago.

The Ladies' Christian Aid Society will hold their regular meeting at the home of Mrs. C. B. Ward, April 13. All the members are requested to be present as it is the election of officers.

LYNDON.

Mrs. S. Behm is very ill at present writing.

Della Waltz visited her parents on Sunday.

Bert Quigley left for Dakota early part of last week.

Tillie Harr is spending some time with friends in Jackson.

Miss Mabel Notten spent Sunday with her parents near Francisco.

The pupils of district No. 12 are busy with examinations this week.

Burleigh Whitaker of Sylvan was the guest of Chas. Runciman, Sunday.

Horace Leek, jr., was the guest of Jackson friends a few days of the past week.

Inez Leek of Ypsilanti is expected home to-day (Thursday) for a week's vacation.

Miss Sarah Taylor of Dexter began giving music lessons in this vicinity, Wednesday.

Mr. Herman Huttenlocher returned home Monday from Ann Arbor where he has been spending some time.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Leek of Gregory were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. H. Leek recently.

Messrs. Herman Huttenlocher and Milton Riethmiller were Jackson visitors Thursday.

This does not look much like spring. Spring schools have commenced, but where is the spring weather?

Mrs. Zuckachwerdt and daughter Emma from Brant have been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. A. Harr, the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. J. McMichael and family from near Dansville were the guests of Mrs. McMichael's parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. Leek.

The "candy pull" at John Collins' home Wednesday night of last week was well attended, and all report a pleasant time.

NORTH LAKE.

April 4th—ice 15 inches thick on North lake.

George Reade has purchased a fine draft horse.

Spring term of school commenced here Tuesday last.

F. A. Glenn bought of Patsy Canada a nice roan pony.

Some are sowing cloverseed. The seeds we sow may partly grow.

Willie Burkhardt has bought a new one-wheel, swell-body vehicle.

Lee Hadley of Unadilla has agreed to be E. W. Daniels' right-hand man for the season.

Robert McNeil has the agency of Washtenaw county for the Cleveland lubricating oil.

Mr. W. E. Stevenson went to the polls on Monday and done his duty as a good American citizen.

Dr. Will Wiley of the Detroit Medical schools, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. George Reade last week.

Frank Murray, the hustling Deering machine agent, we are pleased to learn has sold a large number of machines.

Dexter republicans elected one candidate. We mention it as a new departure in politics in Dexter. Stick a pin here.

Quite a large number of young people from this place took in the teachers' examination at Ann Arbor last Thursday and Friday.

Mrs. E. W. Daniels and children were the guests of her brother and family, O. C. Burkhardt of Chelsea, from Saturday until Monday.

The writer heard a man say at the polls last Monday that he heard the frogs singing while coming to vote. Hudson is eight or nine miles from Lyndon Centre. I guess he must have heard the republicans croaking getting ready to sing later in the day.

LIMA.

Miss Martha Hinderer is on the sick list.

F. G. Staebler spent Thursday at Dexter.

Scarlet fever has found its way into our town.

Miss Nina Fiske is visiting friends in Dexter.

Mrs. Herman Fletcher is ill with the grip.

Miss Florence Hammond is visiting her parents.

Miss Lydia Hinderer visited her parents Sunday.

John Strieter is spending some time at Ann Arbor.

Jacob Steinbach contemplates building a new barn.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Steinbach spent Saturday at Ann Arbor.

Geo. H. Mitchell of Chelsea called on friends here Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Hawley visited at E. B. Freer's, Thursday.

Mrs. J. Friermuth spent last Monday with Mrs. J. J. Hammond.

Master Rastrey, grandson of Mr. J. Wade, sr., was so unfortunate last week as to fall from a fence and break his leg.

E. A. Norman made an examination of his peach trees Tuesday morning, and he says that he finds the body of the trees nearly all dead and the limbs green.

One of our prosperous young men, on arriving home late Saturday morning, was naughtily pounced upon by what he terms a "crank." It was April Fool.

The Easter services at the M. E. church on Sunday evening showed the active part which the members of the Epworth League are taking in making these meetings a success.

A number of friends gathered at the pleasant home of Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Steinbach, Saturday evening. Music being the principal feature of the evening, a good time was reported.

A certain young man here went out to hunt pigs on All-Fool's Day. He is looking for them yet.

FRANCISCO.

The lakes in this vicinity are still frozen.

Harry Patrick spent several days at C. Kaiser's.

How patiently the farmers are waiting for spring.

Mrs. J. Graber is visiting her parents in Windsor, Ont.

Frank Kruse of the Normal spent Sunday at home.

Mrs. Lewis Killmer has been quite ill the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Shell were Chelsea visitors Tuesday.

Miss Lizzie Wulfert visited at Grass Lake, Saturday.

J. J. Musbach was called to Jackson by the death of his sister.

Miss Fina Weippert commenced her spring term of school, Monday.

Easter services were held at the German M. E. church, Sunday evening.

Arthur Kruse could not return to school Monday on account of illness.

Mr. Conrad Seckinger and George Plowe who have been on the sick list have recovered.

Mrs. Andrew Frey who has been visiting friends in Lansing returned home Thursday.

H. Ortbring and son of Sharon visited his mother and other relatives in this vicinity Sunday.

F. H. Scherer visited his parents and other relatives at Watervliet from Saturday until Tuesday.

Mrs. William Kalmbach of South Lyons who has been visiting at Francisco returned home Saturday.

Mrs. John Zahn of Detroit visited her parents, Mr. and Mrs. L. Rank, over Sunday and returned home on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Clark and son, of Grass Lake, and Miss Lyda Killmer, spent Easter with Mr. and Mrs. J. Killmer.

There was a gathering of young people at Mr. and Mrs. M. Seeger's, Tuesday evening, who enjoyed themselves shaking their feet.

Mr. and Mrs. John Berry, who formerly resided at Grass Lake, moved their household goods to Francisco, and will be the guest of their parents, Mr. and Mrs. George H. Plowe, for a week or two.

After the good house-wife has spent days in preparing the rags for a new carpet she naturally wishes to have the same well made. All such would do well to inquire at Mrs. C. Wolfert's, who is an adept in the art of carpet weaving.

The cows of Wm. Riemenschneider, sr., were bound to take an outing; so they left the yard and roamed over the farm. When the cows were found they were not faring well, however; one of them having broken through the ice in a ditch was found dead.

Harry Betham opened a blacksmith shop at this place, Monday and so far has been rushed with work, simply because he is a first-class workman in every respect, and we sincerely hope that all who may have work to do in his line of business will patronize the gentleman and be convinced.

Two farmers recently made a deal in which the purchaser received something more than he had bargained for. A tree was bought for a small sum. On cutting the tree a coon was found hidden within. The woodsman soon dispatched him, and by selling the skin found he not only had the tree but some money in the bargain.

"Ark, the 'Erald Angels Sing."

Two turns brought me from the crowded highway along which cab and omnibus were speeding toward London's center of attraction to the quiet street in which fire and food awaited me. As I made the second turn I saw, through the muck of a mid-December evening, three figures pressed close against the area railings—surely my own area railings. And through the muck came in a treble bawl the sound of "Peace on earth, good 'ill ter men."

The area door opened with a clatter. "Now, then, be off with yer! I'd smack yer 'eds if I could get near yer. Makin' that noise! Now, then!"

"Garn! Want yer airy window broke?" said the biggest of the trio, pulling himself up by the railings and resting his chin between the spikes.

As I entered at the gate they scurried away in fear and trembling, and cook, distracted, slammed the area door. A minute later a want of discord came down the street:

"Ark, the 'Erald angels sing."

—Academy.

On the Yukon at a distance of from 700 to 800 miles from the sea there are many points where the river is 20 miles wide.

A Chinaman eats twice as much meat as a Japanese.

TEA TABLE ETIQUETTE.

Quaint Customs Once Observed by English Dames.

Tea drinking has become very fashionable among us of late years, almost as much so as it was in England a century ago, but the prevailing customs at the table are different. The "teacup times of hood and hoop" had their own etiquette, of a sort not likely to be revived. What should we think now of a fashionable lady who cooled her tea with her breath? Yet Young says of a certain bewildering Lady Betty:

Her two red lips affected zephyrs blow To cool the Bohem and inflame the beau, While one white finger and a thumb conspire To lift the cup and make the world admire.

Again a passage in contemporary literature shows that it was a lack of good manners to take much cream or sugar in one's tea. Says a lady of quality to her daughter: "I must further advise you, Harriet, not to heap such mountains of sugar into your tea, nor to pour such a deluge of cream in. People will certainly take you for the daughter of a dairymaid."

Certain other customs may be remembered in this country among us who had grandmothers trained in the ceremonies of a later day. One of them consisted in putting the spoon in the cup to show that no more tea was desired; another was that of turning over the cup in the saucer for the same purpose.

Etiquette also demanded that the tea should be tasted from the spoon, and that the hostess should then inquire, "Is your tea agreeable?" Certain scrupulous old ladies ask that now, and the question savors of a more sedate and gentle day than this.—St. Louis Republic.

AN EXPENSIVE EXPERIMENT.

The Head Bookkeeper Finally Balances His Accounts.

A south side man who is a clerk in one of the leading banks on this side of the river was in a communicative mood last night. During a conversation about various things he took on a retrospective air and said, "There is nothing like the faithful discharge of one's duties, but it is sometimes an expensive experiment."

On being questioned as to the cause of the remark he replied: "Well, it reminds me of an experience I had while employed in a prominent Fourth avenue bank. I don't mind telling it to you. The head bookkeeper was a character in many ways. Method was his hobby. He had a way of doing everything, and he never varied from the rules he set down. Exactness in his accounts was a particular fad, and he spared no pains in carrying his ideas into effect. One afternoon in balancing our books it was found he was short 1 cent. 'We searched and searched, but when it came to the usual time for going home that cent was still missing.

"Do you think the head bookkeeper would allow us to go? Not much. Several of us had engagements we wanted to fulfill, but it made no difference. Supper time came, and we were no further ahead than when we started. Headed by the bookkeeper, we repaired to a neighboring restaurant for supper and then returned to work. After several hours the missing cent was found and the accounts balanced. But in figuring up it was discovered that in searching for the discrepancy of 1 cent the bank had incurred a bill for suppers to the amount of \$7.50."—Detroit Free Press.

Change of Climate in Asia.

Professor Muschketoff records the fact that observations at eight glaciers in the Caucasus extending over a period of eight to ten years show that they are steadily receding. The termini of the glaciers are retreating from 9 to 38 meters every year.—American Geographical Society's Bulletin.

She Regalled an Instance.

"Mrs. Peddicord," said that lady's husband, "did you ever say anything that you afterward regretted saying?" "Certainly. I said 'Yes' once and have been sorry for it ever since."—Detroit Free Press.

First class medium cloverseed for sale, free from foul seed. G. T. English.

PAINS IN THE BACK CURED.

A. B. Farrington, of Constantia, N. Y., writes: I was troubled several years with kidney disease and suffered severe pains in the back. I used Foley's Kidney Cure and one bottle cured me. I recommended it to my friends and it has given perfect satisfaction.

Running sores, ulcers, boils, pimples, etc., quickly cured by Banner Salve, the most healing salve in the world. Price 25 cents. No other "just as good."

THAT THROBBING HEADACHE.

Would quickly leave you if you used Dr. King's New Life Pills. Thousands of sufferers have proved their matchless merit for sick and nervous headaches. They make pure blood and strong nerves and build up your health. Easy to take. Try them. Only 25 cents. Money back if not cured. Sold at Glazier & Stimson's Bank Drug Store.

Any one wishing to buy a second handed guitar call at 115 Summit street. Mrs. L. E. Buchanan.

A WHOLE FAMILY.

Rev. L. A. Dunlap of Mount Vernon, Mo., says: "My children were afflicted with a cough resulting from measles, my wife with a cough that had prevented her from sleeping, more or less for five years and your White Wine of Tar Syrup has cured them all."

If you contemplate committing matrimony procure your invitations at The Standard office, where you will find the smoothest line of wedding stationery what ever came down the pike.

For Sale—A pleasant home, Jefferson and Madison streets. T. Cassidy. 12

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WE ARE SELLING:

19 lbs Granulated Sugar \$1.00	Good tomatoes 8c per can
Fresh crackers 15c lb	Large pickles 5c per dozen
White cherries 10c per can	All yeast cakes 2 package for 5c
Fresh ginger snaps 5c lb	Large sacks butter salt 20c
Electric kerosene oil 10c gal	36 boxes parlor matches for 25c

GLAZIER & STIMSON.

PROCLAMATION....

To the Ladies of Chelsea and Vicinity, Greeting:

We desire to announce that we have now the latest and most stylish line of fine pattern

HATS, BONNETS AND NOVELTIES

we have ever had the pleasure of showing for spring trade.

Call and inspect our fine line of NEW MILLINERY GOODS.

MILLER SISTERS.

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ALL LEADING MAKES
\$20 to \$65.



Hartford \$35.00. Vedette, (gents') \$25.00. Vedette, (ladies') \$26.00.

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\$65.00

We carry the most complete line of Sundries in town.

Fred Clark has opened a Repair Shop in connection with our retail Bicycle department.

STAFFAN FURNITURE AND UNDERTAKING CO.

The Bent Glass Front. Main Street South

SHOES ! SHOES !

Fine Shoes, Good Shoes, Work Shoes, Plow Shoes, Leather Shoes, Cheap Shoes, Shoes that will suit every body. Every pair of Shoes we have in our stock is well made and up-to-date.

Call and look them over at

FARRELL'S PURE FOOD STORE

Weather indications.



At last the long tedious winter seems to be its back broken and who does not with a feeling of delight the approach of beautiful spring time, when the earth dons her lovely green robes, and the birds sing their praises, what I want to get at is, the roads going to be in fine condition soon and we wish to take a drive in the country and the young man wishes to take his sweetheart out for a drive, they exclaim the old Buggy and say to themselves this will never do, I must have a NEW SURREY or BUGGY. Now if you need a Buggy or Wagon of any kind just call on

PHAS. STEINBACH

Examine his line of Vehicles they are the finest ever brought to Chelsea and at prices that will make people buy. Also you want a

BICYCLE

am right in it. I am Agent for the celebrated high grade Wheel made by the White Sewing Machine Co. Also handle cheaper grades. Call and see me before purchasing.

C. STEINBACH.

WINTERING LA GRIPPE COUGH CURED

G. Vacher, 157 Osgood St., Chicago. My wife had a severe case of La Grippe three years ago and it left her with a very bad cough. She tried a bottle of Foley's Honey and Tar and it gave immediate relief. A 50 cent bottle cured her cough entirely. Now we are never without a bottle of this wonderful cough medicine in the house; 25 and 50c.

I build the Kittleman woven wire fence. Headquarters Lima Center, Mich. Geo. Whittington.

A FRIGHTFUL BLUNDER

Will often cause a horrible burn, scald, or bruise. Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the best in the world, will kill the pain and promptly heal it. Cures old sores, new sores, ulcers, boils, felons, corns, all skin eruptions. Best pile cure on earth. Only 25 cents a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold at Glazier & Stimson's Bank Drug Store.

ROBBED THE GRAVE.

A startling incident, of which Mr. John Oliver, of Philadelphia, was the subject, narrated by him as follows: "I was in the most dreadful condition. My skin was almost yellow, eyes sunken, and tongue coated; pain continually in back and sides, no appetite; gradually growing weaker day by day. Three physicians had given me up. Fortunately, a friend advised me to try 'Electric Bitters,' and, to my great surprise, the first bottle made a decided improvement. I continued their use for three weeks, and am now a well man. I know they saved my life, and robbed the grave of another victim." No one should fail to try them. Only 50 cts. a bottle, and guaranteed at Glazier & Stimson's Bank Drug Store.

For Sale—85 acres of land, 12 acres of timber, good buildings, good orchard and well watered. 2 1/2 miles northwest of Chelsea. Inquire at premises. J. Sommer. 51tf

A THOUSAND TONGUES

Could not express the rapture of Annie E. Springer, of 1125 Howard street, Philadelphia, Pa., when she found that Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption had completely cured her of a hacking cough that for many years had made life a burden. All other remedies and doctors could give her no help, but she says of this Royal Cure, "it soon removed the pain in my chest and I can now sleep soundly, something I can scarcely remember doing before. I feel like sounding its praises throughout the universe." So will every one who tries Dr. King's New Discovery for any trouble of the throat, chest or lungs. Price 50 cts. and \$1. Trial bottles free at Glazier & Stimson's Bank Drug Store. Every bottle guaranteed.

Get your calling cards at The Standard office. "The latest out."

GLAD TIDINGS TO ASTHMA SUFFERERS
Foley's Honey and Tar gives quick and positive relief. It is the great remedy for diseases of the respiratory organs like asthma, bronchitis and hoarseness.

A LIFE FOR 30 CENTS.

Many people have been cured of kidney diseases by taking a 50 cent bottle of Foley's Kidney Cure.

KIDNEY DISEASES are the most fatal to all diseases. Foley's Kidney Cure a guaranteed remedy or money refunded.

Advertise in the Standard.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.
STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASH-
tenaw, s. s. Notice is hereby given, that by
an order of the Probate Court for the County
of Washtenaw, made on the 31st day of March,
A. D. 1899, six months from that date were al-
lowed for creditors to present their claims
against the estate of Anna McGuire, late of
said county, deceased, and that all creditors of
said deceased are required to present their
claims to said Probate Court, at the Probate
office, in the city of Ann Arbor, for examina-
tion and allowance, on or before the 2nd day of
October next, and that such claims will be
heard before said Court on the 1st day of July,
and on the 2nd day of October next, at ten
o'clock in the forenoon of each of said days.
Dated Ann Arbor, March 31, A. D. 1899.
H. WIRT NEWKIRK,
Judge of Probate.

PROBATE ORDER.
STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASH-
tenaw, s. s. At a session of the Probate
Court for the county of Washtenaw, holden at
the Probate office in the city of Ann Arbor, on
Tuesday, the 1th day of April in the year
one thousand eight hundred and ninety-
nine.
Present, H. Wirt Newkirk, Judge of Probate.
In the matter of the estate of John Hanes
deceased.
On reading and filing the petition, duly veri-
fied, of Regina M. Hanes praying that the ad-
ministration of said estate may be granted to
her, April or some other suitable person.
Thereupon it is ordered that Saturday the
29 day of April next at ten o'clock
in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing
of said petition, and that the heirs-at-law of said deceased, and
all other persons interested in said estate,
are required to appear at a session of said
court, then to be holden at the Probate Office,
in the City of Ann Arbor, and show cause,
if any there be, why the prayer of the peti-
tioner should not be granted: And it is further
ordered, that said petitioner give notice to
the persons interested in said estate, of the
pendency of said petition, and the
hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this
order to be published in the Chelsea Stan-
dard, a newspaper printed and circulating in
said county, three successive weeks previous
to said day of hearing.
H. WIRT NEWKIRK, Judge of Probate.
A TRUE COPY.
P. J. LEHMAN Probate Register. 11

PROBATE ORDER.
STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASH-
tenaw, s. s. At a session of the Probate Court
for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the
Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, on
Tuesday, the 28th day of March in the year
one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.
Present, H. Wirt Newkirk, Judge of Probate.
In the matter of the estate of John Riemen-
schneider deceased.
On reading and filing the petition duly veri-
fied, of R. Kruse praying that a certain in-
strument now on file in this Court, purporting
to be the last will and testament of said de-
ceased may be admitted to probate and that
the administration of said estate may be
granted to himself the executor in said will
named or to some other suitable person.
Thereupon it is ordered, that Monday, the
24th day of April next, at ten o'clock in
the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing
of said petition and that the devisees
legatees and heirs at law of said
deceased, and all other persons interested in
said estate, are required to appear at a session
of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate
Court, in the city of Ann Arbor, and show cause,
if any there be why the prayer of the peti-
tioner should not be granted. And it is further
ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the
persons interested in said estate, of the pen-
dency of said petition and the hearing thereof
by causing a copy of this order to be published,
in the Chelsea Standard a newspaper printed
and circulating in said county three successive
weeks previous to said day of hearing.
H. WIRT NEWKIRK, Judge of Probate.
(A true copy.)
P. J. LEHMAN, Probate Register. 10

MORTGAGE SALE.
Default having been made in the conditions
of a certain mortgage dated, January 3d, 1881
executed by John McKendery and Margaret
McKendery and his wife of York, Washtenaw
county, Michigan to Frederick Pistorius, re-
corded in the office of the Register of Deeds,
of the county of Washtenaw, January 3d, 1881.
In liber 44 of mortgages on page 635. Which said
mortgage was on the 25 day of January 1881 duly
assigned by the said Frederick Pistorius to
Leonhard Gruner guardian of Jacob Fischer
minors by deed of assignment recorded in the
office of said Register of Deeds, January 25,
1881 in liber 7 of assignments of mortgages on
page 56; and duly assigned by the said Leonhard
Gruner guardian of Jacob Fischer minors to
William John McKendery by
deed of assignment recorded in the office of
the said Register of Deeds, January 15th, 1896 in
liber 12 of assignments of mortgages on page
278. Upon which said mortgage there is claimed
to be due and unpaid at the date of this notice
the sum of nine hundred sixty-two and 88-100
dollars; and no suit or proceedings at law hav-
ing been instituted to recover the debt now re-
maining secured by said mortgage or any part
thereof. By which default the power of sale
contained in said mortgage has become operative.
Notice is therefore hereby given that by
virtue of said power of sale and in pursuance
of the statute in such cases made and provided
said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the
premises therein described at public auction to
the highest bidder at the east front door of
the Court House in the city of Ann Arbor in
said county of Washtenaw (that being the place
where the Circuit Court for said county is held)
on Tuesday the 13th day of June next at ten
o'clock in the forenoon of said day; which said
premises are described in said mortgage as fol-
lows: All that certain piece or parcel of land
situated in the township of York, Washtenaw
county, Michigan, known and described as fol-
lows, to-wit: All the south three-eighths of the
east half of the south-east quarter of section
eight (8) containing thirty acres.
Dated, March 7th, 1899.
WILLIAM JOHN MCKENDERY,
Assignee of Mortgage.
FRANK E. JONES, Attorney for Assignee. 16

A MOST WONDERFUL CURE.

Eminent Physician Pronounced it Consump-
tion.
DR. C. D. WARNER, Coldwater, Mich.
Dear Sir:—I have received great bene-
fit from your White Wine of Tar Syrup.
I had a cough and the doctors gave up
all hopes of my recovery and pronounced
it consumption; I thought that it was death
for me. I tried everything we could
hear of. Finally one of my friends pre-
valled upon me to use your White Wine
of Tar Syrup. I took 1 1/2 bottles and am
cured entirely. Such medicine I can
recommend to those who are afflicted as
I was. Very respectfully yours,
JOSEPH E. UNDERHILL,
Doland, South Dakota. 5

Say, if you want to get rid of that cough
try Otto's Cough Cure. For sale at
Glazier & Stimson's.

FRESH SEEDS.

GARDEN AND FIELD.

H. L. Wood & Co.,

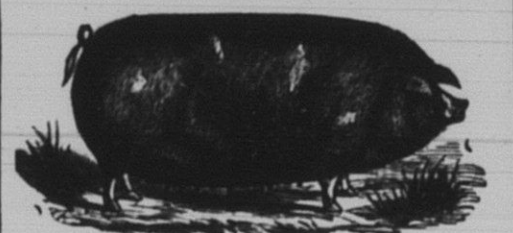
Are receiving their spring
stock of

SEEDS

and will have the best assort-
ment ever offered in Chelsea.
Please call and see us. Prices
right.

H. L. Wood & Co.

REGISTERED POLAND CHINA'S BOTH SEXES



FOR SALE. R. B. WALTRIOUS.

Chelsea Steam Laundry

A cotton imitation of lin-
en that has received our
finish is better than linen
done up, or rather done
out, somewhere else. We
aim high and always hit
the mark.

COME AND SEE US.

**ACTIVE SOLICITORS WANTED EVERY-
where for "The Story of the Philippines"** by
Murat Halstead, commissioned by the Govern-
ment as Official Historian to the War Depart-
ment. The book was written in army camps at
San Francisco, on the Pacific with General Mar-
rill, in the hospitals at Honolulu, in Hong Kong,
in the American trenches at Manila, in the insur-
gent camps with Aguinaldo, on the deck of the
Olympia with Dewey, and in the rear of battle at
the fall of Manila. Bonanza for agents. Brim-
ful of original pictures taken by government pho-
tographers on the spot. Large book. Low prices.
Logographers on the spot. Large book. Low prices.
Drop Big profits. Freight paid. Credit given. Drop
all trashy unofficial war books. Outfit free. Ad-
dress, F. T. Barber, Sec'y, Star Insurance Build-
ing, Chicago. 11

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Inquire at the Kempf Commercial &
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PERFECT LAST FOREVER. SCALES

Copper Plated
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PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Formerly resident physician U. of M.
Hospital,
Office in Hatch block. Residence op-
posite M. E. church.

R. McCOLGAN.
Physician, Surgeon & Accoucheur
Office and residence corner of Main
and Park Streets.
Graduate of Philadelphia Polyclinic
in diseases of eye, ear, nose and throat.
CHELSEA. MICH.

FRANK SHAVER,
Propr. of The "City" Barber
Shop. In the new Babcock Building
Main street.
Bathroom in connection.
CHELSEA, MICH.

H. H. AVERY,
DENTIST
All kinds of dental work done in a
careful and thorough manner.
Special attention given to
children's teeth. Nitrous oxide and
local anasthetics used in extracting.
Permanently located.
Office over Raftrey's Tailor Shop

W. S. HAMILTON
Veterinary Surgeon
Treats all diseases of domesticated ani-
mals. Special attention given to lame-
ness and horse dentistry. Office and re-
sidence on Park street across from M. E.
church, Chelsea, Mich.

G. E. HATHWAY,
GRADUATE IN DENTISTRY.
Why not have a new set of Furniture
for your dining room? Useful as well as
ornamental. We always try them in
before they are finished so that any changes
in arrangement can be made. Gas admin-
istered when desired. Also a safe and
reliable anæsthetic for extracting.

DO YOU WANT LIFE INSURANCE?
DO YOU WANT FIRE INSURANCE?

I represent "The Mutual Life Insur-
ance Company of New York," the largest
insurance company in the world. Also,
six of the best Fire Insurance Companies.
Can carry farm risks. Call and get figures
before you place your insurance.
B. B. TURNBULL, Agent.

R. P. CARPENTER, W. R. C. NO. 210,
meets the Second and Fourth Friday in
each month. The Second Friday at 2:30
p. m. The Fourth Friday at 7:30 p. m.
R. M. WILKINSON, Secretary.

OLIVE LODGE NO 156, F. & A. M.
Regular meetings of Olive Lodge,
No 156, F. & A. M. for 1899.
Jan. 24, Feb. 21, March 21, April 18,
May 23, June 20, July 18, Aug. 15,
Sept. 12, Oct. 17, Nov. 14. Annual
meeting and election of officers Dec.
22
THEO. E. WOOD, Sec.

INSTRUCTIONS

given on Mandolin, Violin, Clarinet and
Bass Viol.

K. OTTO STEINBACH.

Geo. H. Foster,

AUCTIONEER

Satisfaction Guaranteed

Terms Reasonable.

Headquarters at Standard Office.

FINE If you are in need of Printing of any
kind call at the Standard Steam
Printing House, Chelsea, Mich. Bill
Heads, Note Heads, Letter Heads, En-
velopes, Receipts, Wedding Station-
ery, Posters, Dodgers, Busi-
ness Cards, Auction Bills,
Horse Bills, Pamphlets, Etc.
JOB PRINTING

MICHIGAN CENTRAL

"The Niagara Falls Route."
Time Card, taking effect, Jan. 29, 1899.

TRAINS EAST:
No. 8—Detroit Night Express 5:20 a. m.
No. 86—Atlantic Express 7:15 a. m.
No. 12—Grand Rapids 10:40 a. m.
No. 6—Express and Mail 3:15 p. m.

TRAINS WEST:
No. 3—Express and Mail 9:17 a. m.
No. 13—Grand Rapids 6:20 p. m.
No. 7—Chicago Express 10:20 p. m.
O. W. RUGGLES, Gen. Pass & Ticket Agt.
E. A. WILLIAMS, Agent.

THE CHELSEA STANDARD

SUPPLEMENT

Real Estate Transfers.

Jas. Doyle to Albert F. Ball, Milan, \$1.
 Albert F. Ball and wife to George Hall and wife, Milan, \$400.
 Flora A. Procton to Fred Tackman and wife, Salem, \$1,150.
 Hannah B. Raymond to David S. Raymond, Lima, \$500.
 John Burns to Catharine O'Brien, Ann Arbor, \$75.
 Geo. B. Rhead to Albert Fiegel, Ann Arbor, \$1,500.
 Wm. H. Arnold to M. C. R. R., lease.
 Wm. H. Clancy to Geo. W. Clark, Ann Arbor, \$1,500.
 Jas. N. Wallace and wife to Jas. Kelso, Ypsilanti, \$150.
 Henry Gorton and wife to Thos. and Anna Stanfield, Lyndon, \$3,200.
 Fred W. Schmid to Evert H. Scott and wife, Ann Arbor, \$1.
 Jennie Rowe to Michael Rehfus, Sharon, \$900.
 Caroline Esch to Henry Esch, Freedom, \$1,000.
 Maria J. Kelly to Jennie M. Kelley, Ann Arbor, \$1.
 Arthur Brown and wife to A. J. Sawyer, Ann Arbor, \$4,400.
 Eugene J. Helber to William H. Barr, Saline, \$1,350.
 Auditor-General to A. A. Griffin, Ann Arbor, \$1,387.
 Jannett M. Bishop to Arthur Brown, Ann Arbor, \$250.
 Jos. Stapish to Clara Stapish, Dexter, \$1.
 Geo. Blalch and wife to Louis T. Freeman, Chelsea, \$1,900.
 Louis T. Freeman and wife to Jas. H. Hollis, Chelsea, \$3,170.
 Henry Walker, by heirs, to Ira Walker, Salem, \$1.
 Frederick Thoman to Wm. A. Crosby, Ann Arbor, \$50.
 Wm. H. Thompson to Sarah J. Davis, Ypsilanti, \$1.
 Sarah J. Davis et al to C. H. Roberts, Augusta, \$2,000.
 Geo. C. Crane and wife to C. H. Roberts, Augusta, \$1.
 William Reynolds and wife to Wm. H. Lowden, Ypsilanti, \$650.
 Dwight A. Crittenden to Mary E. Crittenden, Pittsfield, \$2,500.
 Titus F. Hutzler et al. to Fred Schmid, Ann Arbor and Northfield, \$1.
 Theo. R. Stanton to Edward C. Braun, Dexter, \$250.
 C. H. Kempf to J. Edward Weber, Chelsea, \$550.
 Jno. T. Fuller to Jno. Schmid, Sharon, \$1,400.
 Jesse Sherwood to B. G. English, Manchester, \$80.
 Patrick Braunik to B. G. English, Manchester, \$181.25.

COUNTY AND VICINITY.

Brother Helber in his speech at the republican city convention asserted that it was hard work to make office holders understand "that there were other pebbles on the beach;" and yet all of them were pebbles before they were picked up, just as anxious as any that remain.—Ann Arbor Courier.

The habit of smoking among Lansing high school pupils has impaired the scholarship of the smokers to such an extent, and set such a bad example for the younger scholars, that the board of education has authorized Superintendent Laird to suspend all pupils who fail to abstain from smoking. Ex.

As the services of the village marshal are not always available, how would it do to appoint a policeman or two with sand enough to arrest and run in a hobo on a pinch? Such an officer was badly needed last Monday morning to round up a strapping six-footer who started a famine on Piety Hill and did his prettiest to spread it to other parts of the village. The scoundrel's face was of the totem pole variety, and looked as if it needed scrubbing with soft soap and a splint broom. Such critters should be penned up on a diet of bread and water until willing to put their abundance of brawn and sinew to some useful purpose.—Grass Lake News.

All former records for misspelling of Ypsilanti were eclipsed the other week when a letter from Scotland was received in the postoffice in that city addressed: "Mr. Lewis, West Hotel, Hyplinta, America." Notwithstanding the misspelling and general vagueness of the address the letter reached its proper destination, a tribute to the sharpness of the American postal clerk.

Clarence M. Williams who enlisted from here to go with the 33rd Michigan, and who is now a patient at the homeopathic hospital, is the first applicant under the new law for help for sick soldiers of the Spanish war. The county board consists of the judge of probate, the county treasurer and the prosecuting attorney, who have the ruling on these cases.—Ann Arbor Register.

We have been informed that there is a movement on foot to petition the common council to remove the "soldiers' monument" from its present location and place it at the point of the park, also to allow the "cannon," over which there was so much excitement kicked up last spring, to be placed directly in front of it. An effort will be made to have the change brought about by Decoration Day.—Dexter Leader.

The \$150 worth of silverware that was reported stolen from the buggy of Mrs. Dunlavy on the evening of St. Patrick's day has been found. The lady made a mistake by putting it into a buggy of an honest farmer, Mr. Murray of Lima. What was his surprise when he wanted to use his buggy two or three days later to find it loaded with this valuable silverware. He came to Dexter to find its owner and it was returned to the thankful owner.

Chas. Kizyske, the florist, possesses at his greenhouse the curiosity of growing bananas. There are three of the trees and upon two of them the fruit has begun to put in an appearance. At present the infant bananas are about two inches long, and upon one of the bunches there are some two hundred of them. Mr. Kizyske came into possession of the trees four years ago, when they were tiny shoots, and it will be some months yet before their fruit is matured.—Ypsilanti Sentinel.

A case which will come on at the next term of court shows how a mortgage eats up money, and why its name "death grip" is its right name. In 1881 Peter Kelly and wife of Northfield gave a mortgage to Patrick Gallagher for \$2,950. The mortgagors claim that they have paid thereon over \$1,600, which they say is sufficient to pay the obligation. Gallagher claims there is still due over \$200 and refuses to discharge the mortgage. Mr. and Mrs. Kelly have now filed a bill of complaint asking that the mortgage be discharged and the note cancelled.—Ann Arbor Courier.

S. J. Beardsley, the broom manufacturer, has made some very interesting observations of a spider which traveled with him last year. Mr. Beardsley travels around the country delivering his brooms. The spider accompanied him last year and spun a web in his wagon. Sometimes the spider would extend this as far as the horses. When the thread was broken the spider would renew it again, and when the web became dirty the spider would cut out the edges of the web and replace the threads with a fresh web. Sometimes the spider would disappear for three or four days, when it would appear again with a nice fresh striped dress. Mr. Beardsley often found the old shells of the spider lying in his wagon. He is anxious to see if the spider will show up again this year. He traveled many hundreds of miles watching the industrious little creature weaving its web.—Argus-Democrat.

OIL! When you want light and not smoke use Dean & Co.'s Red Star Oil. We have it. Fenn & Vogel.

NEW SPRING MILLINERY.

Before purchasing your spring hat or bonnet give us a call. We keep on hand a complete line of

TRIMMED HATS
 with every Novelty of the season.
ANNA CONATY & CO.

WE ARE AGENTS FOR OLIVER PLOWS,

JACKSON AND MILBURN WAGONS

Osborne spring tooth harrows, Farmers Favorite, Tiger and Superior grain drills, iron age cultivators. We also carry a full stock of spike tooth and lever harrows, buggies, road wagons, surreys, platform wagons,

Double and Single Harnesses,

Platform scales, steel ranges, all at rock bottom prices.

HOAG & HOLMES.

We are still selling Furniture Cheap.

WE NOW OFFER A FULL LINE OF

Buggies, Road Wagons,

Surries and Farm Wagons in all styles at the lowest prices.

Wherever you are in need of any
HARDWARE OR FURNITURE

you will find it to your advantage to call on us.

W. J. KNAPP.

All Styles and Sizes for Every Kind of Fuel. The Genuine all best Trade-Mark. Beware of Imitations.



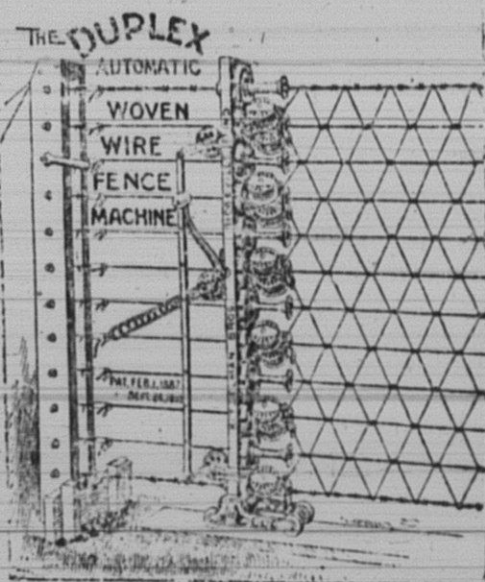
Ann - Arbor - Electric - Granite - Works

Designers and Builders of

Artistic Granite and Marble Memorials.

On hand large quantities of all the various Granites in the rough, and are prepared to execute fine monumental work on short notice as we have a full equipment for polishing.

JOHN BAUMGARDNER, Prop., Ann Arbor.



GEO. T. ENGLISH

Sells the machines for making the Kitzelman Fence. Call on him for terms.

BAR-BEN

THE GREAT RESTORATIVE.

It's not a "patent" medicine, but is prepared direct from the formula of E. E. Barton, M.D., Cleveland's most eminent specialist, by H. O. Benson, Ph.D., B.S. BAR-BEN is the best known restorative and vigorator for men and women. It creates solid flesh, muscle and strength, cleans the blood, makes the blood pure and healthy, and causes a general feeling of health, strength and vitality, while the general organs are in the process of their normal growth and the sufferer is quickly made conscious of direct benefit. One box will work wonders in small cases, and is so easy to take that it is a sure cure for all ailments. The daily use of this compound, containing sarsaparilla and other pure ingredients, is a sure cure for all ailments. For sale at all drug stores, a 60-dose box for 50 cents, or we will mail it securely sealed on receipt of 50 cents. DRS. BARTON AND BENSON, 461 Bar-Ben Block, Cleveland.

For sale by FENN & VOGEL, drug groceries and stationery.

A house and lot and vacant lots for sale at a bargain on the new addition to the village. Apply to D. B. Taylor.

Local Brevities

The University is to have one of the new plants for manufacturing liquid air.

A good many counterfeit five cent pieces are reported as being in circulation in this village.

Fifty-nine new names were placed on the registration list Saturday, and nine-teen were removed.

The walls of the Methodist church are all torn down now and the work of cleaning away the rubbish is going on.

The missionary collection of the Methodist Sunday school last Sunday amounted to \$66.53, the largest ever taken in the school.

Last Sunday, Chelsea was as dry as the desert of Sahara, the saloons being closed all night. It proved a great disappointment in many cases.

Those having business at the probate court are requested to ask Judge Newkirk to send their legal printing to The Standard office.

Be sure and attend the social to be given by the Junior class, Friday evening of this week, at the opera house. Come and enjoy yourselves.

The young men of Chelsea are cordially invited to attend service at the town hall next Sunday evening, and hear Rev. J. L. Nickerson's sermon to young men.

George T. English broke the record in the ice business, Monday, April 3d. He finished filling his ice house on that day, drawing three loads of as fine ten-inch ice as was cut.

The entertainment given at the town hall by the Methodist Sunday school last Sunday evening was exceptionally fine, and was much enjoyed by the large congregation present.

The Woman's Guild will hold a social at the Congregational church parlors, on Wednesday afternoon, April 12. Supper will be served from 5 to 7. Gentlemen are especially invited.

Work is progressing on the enlarging of the Kautlehner building which was recently purchased by Conrad Spinnagle. The work is being done by Robert Schwenker and Charles Neuberger.

The Easter exercises at the Congregational church Sunday evening passed off very pleasantly. The auditorium of the church was decorated with cut flowers and presented a very beautiful appearance.

The Grammarians of '99 met and organized as a class Monday, April 3d, and elected the following officers: President, Howard Holmes; vice-president, Rudolf Kautlehner; secretary, Lillian Blauch; treasurer, Bessie B. Wade.

There are 222 persons in the faculty of the University of Michigan of whom 61 are professors, 7 junior professors—56 of this number have taken the degree of Doctor of Philosophy, 16 of these degrees being from foreign universities.

The Baptist Sunday-school gave a very pleasing entertainment at the church Sunday evening. The proceeds from the collection, which was a good one, will be used in the fund, which is being raised to build chapels in Cuba, Porto Rico and the Hawaiian Islands.

Twenty-two of the young married people of this place went to Dexter, Friday afternoon last, and made life miserable for Editor and Mrs. J. O. Thompson. Mrs. Thompson was formerly Miss Mary Harrington of this place. They all report having a very enjoyable time.

A deputy revenue collector visited the county clerk's office last evening and called for all bonds. He found five justice and seven notary bonds unstamped. The parties who gave these bonds had better call at the clerk's office and see that these bonds are properly stamped and thereby avoid the penalty. Argus-Democrat.

Sedgwick Dean of Ann Arbor, who is well known here, guardian for George Sutton, incompetent, Monday filed in the probate court his twenty-ninth annual account. Mr. Dean took this estate when it inventoried about \$5,000. It amounts to nearly \$12,000 now. This speaks well for Mr. Dean's business ability.

Orville and Lynn Gorton of Waterloo were in town last week in the interest of their Rural Telephone line. The line now extends from Stockbridge to Chelsea, via Waterloo and Cayanaugh. It is proposed to extend it to Unadilla, Gregory and Munith, and from Stockbridge to Dansville, taking in the farmers all along the line. —Stockbridge Sun.

Chelsea is entitled to better train service than it is getting. If a person wishes to travel west he must either go at 9:17 o'clock in the morning or wait until 6:30 in the evening. An afternoon train should be stopped here, thus shortening up the time between trains. Also an evening train from the west should stop here. Let's get a move on us and see if these matters cannot be arranged.

Fred Clark has opened a bicycle repair shop in the rear of the middle store of the new Staffan block.

Jacob Eder will open a barber shop in the front portion of the middle store of the Staffan building in a short time.

Arthur C. Pierce has sold his residence property on Summit street to Nesbitt Rogers of Stockbridge, who will take possession of the same at once.

William Lewick has settled his damage case against the Michigan Central Railroad Co., which was described in the Standard a short time ago. The Company gave him \$1,200.

Three divorces were granted at Ann Arbor last Saturday in about twenty minutes. Some of the parties in each case are well known here. They were Edward B. Hatch vs. Helen Hatch; John W. Cappy vs. Alice E. Cappy; Amy E. Sharp vs. James Sharp.

It is getting about time that the common council offered a reward for the detection of the fire-bug who is getting in his work on the vacant buildings about town. The last fire was on Monday night, the building being the barn on the old Thos. McNamara place on North street.

None of those who were present last evening and heard Hon. Washington Gardner's address on "The Struggle for Chattanooga" went away dissatisfied. He held the attention of the audience from beginning to end, so vivid were his descriptions of the various scenes and incidents of the long struggle.

The newest scheme which is being worked on the Michigan farmers is for a smooth agent to secure permission to tack up a few signs on the farmers' barns and fences, and then ask the unsuspecting granger to sign an agreement not to tear down the signs for 90 days. Three months afterward the farmer who was simple enough to put his name to the paper is notified that his note at 90 days for \$300 is due.

The family of Louis Burg had a narrow escape from death Tuesday night. When they retired in the evening they supposed that the coal stove was properly cared for; but it seems that such was not the case, and when they awoke in the morning it was almost impossible for them to rise and they were deathly sick. Upon examination it was discovered that it was caused by the escaping gas, and the only wonder is that the whole family was not asphyxiated.

Report of school in district No. 5, Lyndon, for the month ending March. Attending every day, James and Vincent Young. Standing 95, Madge Young and Grace Collins; 90, Lillie Parks, Alta Skidmore and Jas. Young; 85, Vincent Young; 80, Millie Wallace and Ernest Pickell. Promoted from second to third grade, Floyd Boyce; from fourth to fifth, Ethel Skidmore; from sixth to seventh, Belle McCall. Mrs. Lucy Stephens, teacher.

John McCurdy, the oldest Michigan Central locomotive engineer in the State, whose running time dates back within a few months of 50 years, and who had the first run from Detroit to Chicago, was made the generous offer by the Central management a short time ago to allow him to retire on half pay; but "Uncle John" preferred to pull the throttle yet awhile, so he was given a slower train at about \$100 per month. Half pay would have been about \$80 per month.

People sending letters to foreign countries, except Canada and Mexico, would do well to remember that the letter postage is five cents for each half ounce or fraction thereof. Where letters are only partially prepaid, double the amount of postage is collected of the one receiving the letter, which makes a letter weighing one ounce, for instance, cost the recipient 20 cents. Because of the neglect of people to properly prepay their postage, hundreds of letters are refused, and thus cause the postal authorities no end of trouble. The postage on letters to Cuba, Porto Rico, Hawaii and the Philippines is the same as to any foreign country, unless directed to a soldier, sailor or other persons in the employ of the United States, in which case titles should be given. Photographs can travel all over the civilized world for a half-cent an ounce. To Canada and Mexico regular United States postage rates on all kinds of mail matter are charged.

The market has declined since one week ago on wheat and now brings 68 cents for red or white. Rye 53 cents. Oats 30 cents. Cloverseed \$2.75. Beans \$1.00. Dressed hogs \$4.25. Chickens 7 cents. Butter 14 cents. Eggs 10 cents. Potatoes 50 cents. Onions 40 cents. Apples 75 cents. Receipts have dropped off since the roads got bad, and the price below 70 cents for wheat. The crop damage has not been brought to bear yet, and will not be until the developments of this month are known. If they turn out better than expected, prices of wheat will be lower, but if they turn out worse than expected for the coming crop prices will probably be higher. The large surplus that we have in sight will prevent wheat getting very high in any event. There is nearly one-third of the crop yet in farmers' hands and it will not all be needed before the harvest of the next crop. There are many indications that the next wheat crop here will not be as large or as good quality as the last one.

Personal Mention

John Merrinan spent Sunday at Grass Lake.

Miss Mabel Brooks spent Sunday at Sylvan.

Mrs. R. McColgan spent Tuesday at Detroit.

Mrs. D. C. McLaren is spending today at Dexter.

Fred. Kautlehner spent Wednesday at Ann Arbor.

Alfred Pineger is entertaining his sister of Detroit.

Miss Nettie Dowling was a Grass Lake visitor Sunday.

Dr. R. S. Armstrong spent the first of the week at Vernon.

Prof. W. W. Gifford spent Thursday and Friday in Detroit.

Miss Dora Schnaitman is spending some time in Ann Arbor.

Miss Bertha Ferris of Dexter was a Chelsea visitor Wednesday.

Miss Nettie Hoover of Ypsilanti spent Sunday with her parents here.

Mrs. H. M. Twamley is spending some time in Detroit visiting relatives.

Mrs. L. Krum of Leslie is the guest of her daughter, Mrs. L. Tichenor.

Fred Johnson spent several days the latter part of last week in Detroit.

Mr. and Mrs. George Webb of North Lake spent Sunday at Eli Ward's.

Chris. Schneider of Jackson was the guest of Miss Myrta Irwin, Sunday.

Clara and Bert Snyder spent Friday and Saturday with friends at Jackson.

Miss Clara Snyder spent a couple of days of last week with Ypsilanti friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Merchant Brooks have been spending the past week in Ypsilanti.

Pearley B. Jones of Olivet College has been the guest of his brother, Rev. C. S. Jones.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Watts of North Lake visited Mr. and Mrs. B. H. Glenn, Sunday last.

Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Gifford entertained the Hon. Washington Gardner during his stay here.

Mrs. E. R. Sparks of Kalamazoo has been the guest of Mrs. W. S. Hamilton this week.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Wolfer of Stillwater, Minn., are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Schenk.

Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Congdon entertained a number of their friends at their home on Park street, Tuesday evening.

Mrs. O. H. Kellogg of Jackson spent several days of this week with Mrs. W. S. Hamilton.

Mrs. L. J. Morse of Lyons has been spending a few days with her sister, Mrs. E. H. Keyes.

Mr. and Mrs. Burr Ward of Clinton have been spending a few days with Mr. and Mrs. Eli Ward.

Mr. and Mrs. S. B. Tichenor of Lansing have been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. L. Tichenor this week.

E. W. Daniels and family of North Lake spent Saturday and Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. O. C. Burkhart.

Miss Edith Foster, who is attending St. Joseph's Academy at Adrian, is spending a short time with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Foster.

Ex-Judge William Look and his law partner, Colonel Humphrey of Detroit, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Staffan, Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Tuttle left for the east yesterday, where they will spend some time with their children. A number of their friends gathered at their home Friday evening to bid them good bye.

Chas. Steinbach reports business bustling in the harness line, and that it is almost impossible for him to keep up with the orders.

DOES YOUR ROOF WANT PAINTING?

It pays to paint your roof, providing you use the best paint. There is nothing in the market so lasting as Mineral Rubber Aetna Roof Paint. It is proof against weather, water, frost and acids. It contains no coal tar, lead or oil. You get the pure Mineral Roof Paint when you buy the Assyrian Asphalt Co.'s Roof and Iron Paint. Be sure you get the Aetna Rubber Paint. For sale by Hoag & Holmes or W. J. Knapp, Chelsea. 11

M. L. Burkhart will open up Ice Cream Parlors the last Saturday in this month. He is prepared to furnish icecream by the pint, quart or in larger quantities when ordered from now on.

For Sale—A nice large farm horse, 4 years old. Inquire of John Bagge. 8f

NEW MILLINERY!

I am showing this spring the finest line of

HATS, BONNETS, NOVELTIES,

etc., that I have ever had and I invite the ladies of Chelsea and vicinity to call and examine my up-to-date stock of New Spring Millinery.

ELLA CRAIG-FOSTER.

Salesroom over Webster's Tailor Shop.

FOR THE BEST OF GOOD

things to eat come to this store. We have capacity to satisfy. You don't want your eatables mixed in with every thing known to the mercantile world. We make a business of supplying fresh, clean, wholesome foods untainted with the odor of general merchandise or chemicals.

We sell the Best Coffees and Teas and the Purest, Strongest Spices.

Try our 20c Blended Coffee,
Standard Mocha and Java at 25c.

Our Pure Shot Pepper and Ceylon Cinnamon are fine goods and are pleasing every one who tries them; they are a little higher in price but the saving is great, because one pound of these is worth three pounds of the common grade.

HERE IS A LIST

of seasonable goods that are right in quality and prices.

New Bermuda Onions.
Fresh Hothouse Lettuce.
Fancy Baldwin Apples.
Uneda Biscuits 5c package
New Maple Sugar Pure 12c pound.
Highland Budded Oranges 25c dozen.

SEEDS. Our stock of Garden and Flower Seeds is the most complete we have ever shown and that means something because we have the reputation of selling choice seeds that are sure to grow.

SPECIAL. We have 20 pounds Michigan Yellow Globe Onion Seed which we will sell at \$1.20 per pound.

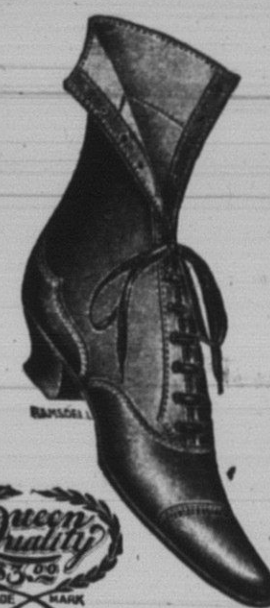
FREEMAN'S.

CHELSEA TELEPHONE NO. 9.

**YOU SAVE MONEY
EVERY TIME YOU
BUY SHOES OF US.**



DIRECT FROM THE FACTORY



we have received spring stock. More new shoes than were ever shown in Chelsea at the beginning of a season. When considering quality, style, fit, workmanship and the guarantee back of them our shoes are the

SHOES IT PAYS TO BUY.

WE SELL:

Womens' calf shoes, calf or patent tip, lace or button at \$1.65.

Misses' of the same, size 11 1-2 to 2 at \$1.38

Childrens' of the same, sizes 8 1-2 to 11 at \$1.15

Womens' dongola kid shoes at \$1.00, \$1.39 and \$1.75

Womens' Vici kid shoes at \$2.00, \$2.50, \$2.75 and \$3.00

Mens' shoes at \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75 \$2.00, \$2.50, \$3.00 and \$3.50

Boys' shoes at \$1.25, \$1.50 and \$1.75

Misses' shoes at \$1.25, \$1.40 and \$1.65

Childrens' shoes at from 25c to \$1.00

Mens' Milwaukee oil grain plow shoes, congress, lace or buckle at \$1.25. Every pair sold as a rock.

Our shoes lead all because they are top value at bottom prices.

Ask to see the shoes advertised at the above prices.

W. P. SCHENK & COMPANY.

Standard Patterns for April now on sale.

SPRING CLEARING SALE.

To make room for new goods.

The Greatest Reduction Sale

of new up-to-date goods ever known in the history of the Furniture business of Chelsea.

Maple Stands 75 cents.

Massive library tables with drawer \$3.25 to \$12.00 golden oak.

Golden oak dining tables all sizes and shapes, round 7 1/2 inch legs at greatly reduced prices.

Golden oak upholstered chairs \$2.50 to \$4.00 value
Couches at all prices. Good Velour full size \$4.50
Rocco and all the latest patterns.

Jardiniere Stands.
Oak dining chairs \$4.50 per set.
Everything else in Furniture correspondingly low.

Staffan Furniture and Undertaking Co.

The Bent Glass Front. Main Street South.



NEW

MEAT MARKET

We have opened an up-to-date meat market, and we shall keep constantly in stock a full supply of

Fresh and Salt Meats,

Hams and Bacon.

BEEF, VEAL AND MUTTON

LARD AND SAUSAGES.

We solicit a portion of your patronage and shall aim to keep a market second none.

CHAS. SCHAFER.

Klein Building, Main Street.

I beg to inform you
That my Spring Selections

Are exceedingly unique
And present a greater
Attraction for the well
Dressed and up-to-date wearer
Of fine garments than
Any woollens placed on the
Markets for several seasons.
I shall be pleased to
Include you in that set of
Fashionable Gentlemen
Which permits me to attend
To their wants in this line.
The execution of all
Orders will be under my
Personal supervision.

J. GEO. WEBSTER.

THE MINUTE MAN'S DAUGHTERS.



BY ELIZABETH CLINE.

CHAPTER I.

"It was one by the village clock when he galloped into Lexington. He saw the gliding weather-cock swim in the moonlight as he passed. And the meeting-house windows, black and bare."

Gave at him with a spectral glare. As if they already stood aghast. At the bloody work they would look upon."

—Henry Wadsworth Longfellow.

On the night of the 18th of April, 1775, Delight Leland sat on the broad stone doorstep of her father's house, watching the moon rise. Half a mile to the westward she could see the roofs of Lexington village. At her feet lay the meadows and orchards of the Leland farm.

The full moon sailed slowly up from behind the dark tree tops, flooding the landscape with silvery light. Objects here before distant and obscure were brought into clear view and clothed with beauty.

The girl's dark blue eyes, kindled with admiration of the scene, she rose to her full height and drew a deep breath. The brightness of her face softened to tender longing.

"It is a glorious night," she murmured, folding her arms and stepping along the narrow pathway. At the gate she paused. Lending over it, she looked eagerly down the road to the west.

"How I wish he would come," she said half aloud.

A shadow approached from the other direction and reached her feet. A man's step fell heavily on the thick turf to the side of the path.

"The moon is splendid," said a deep, husky voice.

"Yes, it is," she said, looking up at him. He was a man of about thirty, with a broad forehead and a pair of deep-set eyes.

He saw that she was trembling violently, and he laid his hand on her shoulder. "What is it, my girl?" he asked.

"Why, I'm scared, I'm scared," she said, looking down at her hands. "I never saw you before."

"I'm Roger Leland," he said, smiling. "I'm your father's brother. I've come over to see you."

"But he did not dream of the truth, no one had told him. Suspicion was entirely foreign to his open, noble nature. And so it was that he crept behind Delight's hair and tried to undo the intricate knot he had wrought by coming upon her so suddenly, with no greater shadow over his happiness than regret for his thoughtlessness."

"It did occur to him that she had only lately become so sensitive. He recalled two or three occasions on which a quick burst of tears or a petulant word had been his reward for some surprise planned for her enjoyment, but he could not dwell long upon these transient clouds when Delight sat beside him resting her head against his shoulder and gradually growing calm."

"I've some great news for you, sweet heart," he said, in a low tone. "Roger came out from Boston just before sunrise. He brought you this package from Desire."

He saw plainly in the brilliant moonlight the deep flush which mounted to her forehead, as she took the thick parcel from his hand.

"It is the millinet and taffeta for my new aprons and the gauze for mother's cap. Desire promised to send them when the new goods should be opened at Mrs. Hale's shop," she explained, smiling what hurriedly.

"Very like there may be a line from your sister inside. Desire was over last of using her quill. I remember she laid always the nearest copy when we went to Dame Wheelock's school as youngsters."

"Did Roger stop at my Aunt Salome's and have speech with Desire?" she asked, slipping the package under her apron and not offering to open it to see whether or not the line was inside.

"No. The blackamoors at your uncle's door said she was out for a walk to the shore with your aunt, and that young popinjay of an Archie McPhedris I saw there once when I came to speak with you last winter. Are you cold that you shiver so, sweetheart? Let us go into the house."

He rose and drew her arm within his. Together they walked up the well-trodden pathway. A roaring fire blazed in the large chimney place and leaping shadows darted hither and thither about the large kitchen as they entered. It was a pleasant room. On the red cedar dresser rows of pewter mugs and platters, highly polished, shone like silver. Glittering brass candlesticks stood on a round-leaved table. In a small, gilt-framed mirror the dancing flames of the fire were reflected. High-backed wooden chairs, a low wooden settle and one wooden-bottomed rocking chair completed the furnishing, with the

MANY REBELS SLAIN.

ILIPINOS SUFFER GREAT LOSS NEAR CALOOCAN.

American Loss Was 16 Killed and 130 Wounded—Brilliant Victory Won by Gen. MacArthur's Brigade—Plains to Quickly Crush Aguinaldo's Forces.

Manila advices Saturday reported a terrible battle near Caloocan. The Americans won a splendid victory. Five hundred rebels were killed and wounded and as many more were taken prisoners.

American losses were conservatively estimated at sixteen killed and about 130 wounded. The insurgent losses are greater than during any previous engagement.

Gen. MacArthur's division is to be credited with the splendid work of the day, including the capture of several villages and complete demoralization of Aguinaldo's forces. The capture of Malabon, the rout of the insurgents, the making prisoner of his so-called capital, Malolos, is the campaign mapped out by Gen. Otis.

Elaborate preparations were made. Gen. Wheaton's brigade was placed in the rear and Gen. Harrison Gray Otis and Gen. Hall's were massed behind Gen. Hale's. Under the cover of the darkness Gen. Otis and Gen. Hale's brigades left their trenches and advanced close up on the enemy's line without being detected.

Gen. Otis and Gen. Hall's brigades occupied the vacated positions. At daylight Gen. Otis and Gen. Hall's brigades advanced from La Loma church straight through the rebel lines, cutting the enemy's force in two. Upon this occasion the rebels adopted the American tactics of holding their fire until the attackers were about 1,000 yards distant. The rebels also fired volleys with terrible effect and then rushed forward, cheering and carrying everything before them. Once through, Gen. MacArthur's division was swung to the left, driving the rebels away on all sides.

The natives stood until the Americans were within 200 yards of their position and then broke and ran for the woods. Thirty of them were killed in the outskirts and seventy on the roads. The Montana and Kansas troops met the hottest resistance. Smoke from the burning huts marked the line of the American advance. Ambulances and horse litter, led by Chinese, brought in the wounded, among whom were a few Filipinos. The Americans who were wounded endured their injuries bravely.

Will marry Bob Burdette. The bride-elect of the humorist is wealthy and gifted.

Two recent events in the career of Bob Burdette will interest the admirers of the great American humorist. One is that he has turned preacher and will fill the pulpit of the First Presbyterian Church of Pasadena, Cal., and the other is that he will soon take unto himself another wife. The bride-elect is Mrs. Clara Baker of Pasadena. Her remarkable beauty and graciousness would distinguish her in any company, and to make matters all the

more pleasant she is possessed of no little share of the world's wealth. Her home is one of the prettiest among Pasadena's famous homes and its social atmosphere is delightful. She is the founder and a former president of the Elbel Club of Los Angeles, and is a writer of force and reputation. The friendship between these two brilliant persons began twenty years ago when they met on the lecture platform in a Wisconsin town, she as the president of a literary organization and he as the lecturer of the evening.

Any old whistle would answer as well, Col. Aguinaldo, when a man wants to whistle to keep up his courage. —Cleveland Plain Dealer.

We hasten to assure the groundhog that he has been vindicated. Now let us have something like good weather. —Omaha World-Herald.

Probably Mr. Molinex would have been happier had he employed a type-writer to address his bromo-seltzer packages. —Boston Herald.

Mr. Roosevelt's last magazine contribution treats of a bullet that missed him. Yet Mr. Roosevelt has never prided himself on his dodging ability. —Washington Post.

That mothers' contention in Washington is in favor of looser corsets. This is in line with the claim of other women that they're too much held in. —Philadelphia Times.

Admitting the appropriations of Congress are something stupendous, some may say the size of the American eagle presupposes a big bill. —Philadelphia Times.

Billion dollar Congresses are no longer a novelty. The late one exceeded that limit to such an extent that it looks like a very modest sum for the national expenses of a year. —Boston Globe.

Apologies of our new holiday, the Boston Transcript rises to remark that the "lat of May is more likely to be frosty than dewy." But not in the vicinity of Manila. —Philadelphia Ledger.

"Love and a Cough Cannot be Hid."

It is this fact that makes the lover and his sweetheart happy, and sends the sufferer from a cough to his doctor. But there are hidden ills lurking in impure blood. "The liver is wrong," it is thought, "or the kidneys." Did it ever occur to you that the trouble is in your blood?

Purify his river of life with Hood's Sarsaparilla. Then illness will be banished, and strong, vigorous health will result. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the best known, best tested and most natural of all blood purifiers.

Catarh— "I suffered from childhood with catarh. Was entirely deaf in one ear. Hood's Sarsaparilla cured me and restored my hearing." Mrs. W. Stokes, Midland, Tex.

Sore Eyes— "Humor in the blood made my daughter's eyes sore, so that we feared blindness. Hood's Sarsaparilla made her eyes well." E. B. Gibson, Heaneker, N. H.

Unexplored Territory. Throughout the entire world there are about 20,000,000 square miles of unexplored territory. In Africa there are 6,500,000 square miles; arctic regions, 3,000,000; antarctic regions, 5,500,000; America, 2,000,000; Australia, 2,000,000; Asia, 200,000, and various islands, 100,000.

What Do the Children Drink? Don't give them tea or coffee. Have you tried the new food drink called GRAIN-O? It is delicious and nourishing, and takes the place of coffee. The more Grain-O you give the children the more health you distribute through their systems. Grain-O is made of pure grains, and when properly prepared tastes like the choice grades of coffee, but costs about 1/4 as much. All grocers sell it. 15c. and 25c.

One Spanish Victory. Only once in their history as a nation have the Spaniards achieved a naval victory. That was at the battle of Lepanto, in 1571, when, with the aid of Venetians and Genoese, they annihilated the Turkish fleet.

Shake Into Your Shoes Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It cures pain, itching, swollen, nervous feet and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Allen's Foot-Ease makes tight-fitting or new shoes feel easy. It is a certain cure for sweating, callous and hot, tired, aching feet. Try it today. So by all druggists and shoe stores. By mail for 25c. in stamps. Trial package FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Britain as a Money Lender. Britain is the greatest money-lender of the world. A statistician estimates that she has \$110,000,000 invested in land and mortgage in countries abroad.

Swell Thieves. A Princess, a Countess, a Duchess and the daughter of a reigning Prince were among the 4,000 thieves, professional and unprofessional, who were arrested in Paris during last year.

Coughing Lea is to Consumpt on. Kemp's Balsam will stop the cough at once. Go to your druggist to-day and get a sample bottle free. Sold in 25 and 50 cent bottles. Go at once; delays are dangerous.

Krupp's Cannons. Krupp, the great German gun manufacturer, has made 20,000 cannons.

To Cure a Cold in One Day. Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. The genuine has L. B. Q. on each tablet.

The preparation of human hair for the market gives employment to 7,000 Parisians.

Blood vessels are sometimes burst by whooping cough. Hale's Honey of Horehound and Treo relieve it. Sold Druggists. Pike's Toothache Dropper cures in one minute.

Hemp has been cultivated in the United States since 1620.

PREPARE for the turn of life. It is a critical period. As indications of the change appear be sure your physical condition is good. The experience is a wonderful one and under some circumstances full of menace. Mrs. Pinkham, of Lynn, Mass., will give you her advice without charge. She has done so much for women, surely you can trust her. Read this letter from Mrs. M. C. GRIF-FING, of Georgeville, Mo.:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—The doctor called my trouble ulceration of womb and change of life. I was troubled with profuse flow-

ing and became very weak. When I wrote to you I was down in bed, had not sat up for six months; was under a doctor's treatment all the time, but it did me no good. I had almost given up in despair, but your Vegetable Compound has made me feel like a new woman. I cannot thank you enough. I would advise any woman who is afflicted as I have been to write to Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass., and get her advice and be cured as I have been."

Mrs. F. H. ALLEN, 419 Nebraska Ave., Toledo, Ohio, writes:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Change of life was working on me. My kidneys and bladder were affected. I had been confined to the house all summer, not able to stand on my feet for any length of time. Terrible pains when urinating and an itching that nearly drove me wild. I had tried many remedies. I told my husband I had great faith in you and he got me a bottle; am now on my fourth bottle. I feel that I am entirely cured. I can work all day. I can hardly realize that such a wonderful cure is possible. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the best medicine for women."

Don't wait until you are prostrated with the mysterious condition known as "Change of Life." Get Mrs. Pinkham's advice and learn how other women got through.

TALKS WITH WOMAN OF MIDDLE AGE

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ing and became very weak. When I wrote to you I was down in bed, had not sat up for six months; was under a doctor's treatment all the time, but it did me no good. I had almost given up in despair, but your Vegetable Compound has made me feel like a new woman. I cannot thank you enough. I would advise any woman who is afflicted as I have been to write to Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass., and get her advice and be cured as I have been."

Mrs. F. H. ALLEN, 419 Nebraska Ave., Toledo, Ohio, writes:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Change of life was working on me. My kidneys and bladder were affected. I had been confined to the house all summer, not able to stand on my feet for any length of time. Terrible pains when urinating and an itching that nearly drove me wild. I had tried many remedies. I told my husband I had great faith in you and he got me a bottle; am now on my fourth bottle. I feel that I am entirely cured. I can work all day. I can hardly realize that such a wonderful cure is possible. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the best medicine for women."

Don't wait until you are prostrated with the mysterious condition known as "Change of Life." Get Mrs. Pinkham's advice and learn how other women got through.

A dark, vertical, textured strip, possibly a book binding or a piece of wood, running along the right edge of the page. It has a rough, grainy appearance with some lighter and darker patches.